The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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Poetry.

From Arthur's Home Magazine.

RETROSPECT.

BY M. B. F.

Thank God for this beautiful summer
Of glory and gladness and peace!
From war, with its terror and anguish,
Thank God for our perfect release!

Through years of darkness and doubting,
We have struggled up to this day:
Thank God that the light is dawning,
And doubt is passing away!

That under our blood-washed banner,
Wherever its bright stars wave,
A promise of truth and wisdom,
There breathes to-day no slave!

With our hearts yet full with the teachings
Of the past's great lessons of pain,
Can our faith in God, my brothers,
Ever grow faint again?

Have these lessons failed to teach us
That the right must surely win?
That wrong is the dark inertia
Of good, in this world of sin?

And though some clouds yet darken
The sky of our own loved land,
Can we not remember His promise,
And trust to His guiding hand?

There are homes that the joy departed
Can never come back to more;
There are desolate mourning households,
And hearts that are aching sore;

And to these we can only whisper,
Through the blinding tears that flow,
Look up to your loving Father
He sees and pities you so!

But you who gave for Freedom
You manhood's hopes of pride,
Who are saying, now, in sadness,
"It were better we had died!"

Oh, heart-sick, despairing brothers,
Be proud of each wound and scar;
They are glorious badges of honor,
They show what heroes ye are!

And of those who win the battles
Of life at Duty's call,
The one who ruleth his spirit
Is the greatest victor of all.

With pride shall your names be spoken,
And born on each pure heart's prayer
Where'er Right's beautiful emblem,
Our banner, floats in air.

God bless that banner forever,
And keep it from every stain,
And grant that treason may never
Dim its bright stars again.

ARTEMUS WARD.

A "stone" to thee we'll raise, departed friend,
"Imposing" in its "form," and tow'ring high—
A tribute to thy worth, which e'er will tend
To wake for thee a thought from passers-by.

Thy "form," though firmly "locked" in death's "em-brace,"
Still seem to linger with thy fellows here;
And while we mourn thy melancholy "leads,"
We "set" this tribute o'er thy lonely bier.

Thou wert a "type" of what we call a MAN,
A "clear" and honest "face" you always bore;
Your "proofs" were "clean," and we in vain might scan
To find an "error" as we looked them o'er,

No more will life's dull cares thy spirit chafe,
Nor sweet and bitter in thy potion blend;
For thou hast thy reward—in heaven safe,
Where joy, and peace, and love will never end.

Farewell! We place upon thy tomb
This epitaph, which in our heart is penned,
And say to generations yet to come—
"HERE LIES ARTEMUS WARD, THE PRINTER'S FRIEND!"

PHILADELPHIA, August, 1867.

AN ex-Union officer of high standing, lately from Galveston, gives figures which show the ravages of the yellow fever to be unprecedented. At the time of General Griffin's funeral, of the twenty-seven men on the rolls of the battalions stationed there, only four officers and twenty-four men could be obtained for escort duty. The fatality among old citizens has been very great, some thus carried off having lived through seventeen seasons of epidemic.

IN Missouri, during the war, a loyal stage driver persisted in driving his route. His friends, fearing for his life, tried to frighten him. His horses were near a grave-yard. One played ghost, when he went, at midnight, to get them. The ghost stalked solemnly across his path, all in white, saying "beware!" "Whoa, January," says Jehu, delivering a lusty kick on the side of the spook, "Wot yer doin' out here this time o' night? Git back in yer hole!"

"LA me!" said Mrs. Partington, here I have been suffering the bigamies of death for three mortal weeks. First I was seized with bleeding phrenology in the left hamshier of the brain, which was exceeded by a stoppage of the left ventilator of the heart. This gave me inflamadion of the borax, and now I'm sick with chloroform morbus. There is no blessing like health, especially when you are sick."

COLORED WIT.—"My brudders," said a waggish colored man to a crowd, "in all affliction, in all ob your troubles, dar is one place where you can always find sympathy."

"Whar? whar?" cried several.

"In de dictionary," he replied, rolling his eyes upward.

CAPT. GEO. W. ALEXANDER, at one time in command of Castle Thunder prison in Richmond, Va., and who fled to England when the war terminated, is said to be a common sailor in an East India vessel sailing from Liverpool. He was a regular Bombastes Furioso and a brutal and cruel fellow, and does well to stay away from his native country.

GOV. SWAN was to review 5,000 troops in Baltimore, on the 15th, all in Confederate gray, the first division of his militia. One company was refused admittance until it brought proof that all the members had served under the stars and bars; and they openly say that they intend to support Andrew Johnson, and keep the "rump" out of the capitol.

THE following epitaph may be found on a head-board erected in a church yard in La Grange, Tenn.:

Here lies old twenty per cent.,
The more he made the less he spent:
The more he made the more he craved;
If he's gone to heaven we'll all be saved.

GENERAL MCCLELLAN will be home next month.

Select Reading.

PHILLIPS' FIRST BABY.

Mrs. Phillips was on the very pinnacle of felicity. She was the mother of a boy which weighed eleven pounds.

Mr. Phillips bid fair to lose his mind enterely. He danced and sang, and fired guns from the top of his corn house, whistled Yanke Doodle while eating his breakfast, and running the necks of all the fuwls on the place, to make a chicken pie for the celebration.

This worthy couple had been married ten years, and this was their first child. People had to laugh at them ten years on account of their luck; people who were overrun with children, and whose lives were made miserable by the scoldings and spankings they found it necessary to inflict on their wretched little olive plants.

Now, Mrs. Phillips said, she guessed they'd laugh out of the other side. There had never been so large a baby born in Smithfield before. Mrs. Jones' only weighed nine pounds, and had a pug nose, Mrs. Sawyers' was red haired and had a mole on his right foot—a sure sign that it would come to a bad end—and only weighed seven pounds and fourteen ounces! She guessed people had better look at home before they laughed.

Baby proved to be a Tartar. He had a temper like a wind mill, and seemed determined to develop his feet and lungs to the utmost while he had leisure, for he screamed and kicked twenty-three out of the twenty-founr hours.

But his mother declared he was an angel. We never can imagine an angel with puffy red cheeks, heels elevated in the air, sucking a sugar teat, and being bounced about in a pillow cradle to the tune of "High diddle deed!" but then our imagination is not by any means so vivid as it might be.

From the hour in which he was born, he was the Autocrat of the household; everything had to bow to his nod.

The scullery door creaked; it was taken off the hinges, and the servant was in the draft all the time, because she might disturd the baby. For the same reason the coffee mill was moved into the wood shed, the dishes must be washed out of doors—the clatter of the plates made baby scream; the washing was done in the barn; all the clocks in the house were stopped; the dog was muzzled, and the cat choked all from the fear of disturbing the baby.

Mr. Phillips paid a blacksmith who was located within a quarter of a mile, one hundred dollars to move his shop, and Baddy was moved to the back loft of the wood shed on account of her snoring.

The child's dresses were legion. It was a wonder that it could draw its breath with so many terrible ailments clinging to it. Mrs. Phillips was continually on the watch for some new demonstration.

"Charles!" cried she, waking her husband from slumber one cold winter night "it seems to me that baby does not breathe just right."

Mr. Phillips sprang up and listened. "Good gracious, he's got the snuffles, ain't he!"

"Oh, dear, what shall we do if bady is going to be sick?"

Mr. Phillips got a light, and the anxious parents brought it to bear on the face of their child.

"Oh, heavens!" cried his mother, "his face is actually purple! he's going to have scarlet fever. See that red spot on his elbow."

"It may be where he's laid on it," remarked Mr. Phillips.

"Laid on it, eh! you unfeeling man, you unnatural father! And there it's sucking its thumb; I've known it from the first it would not live; it sucked its thumb so much."

"Seems to me that I've heard my mother say that it was a sign of a healthy child to suck its thumb, but I won't be certain: Any way, it is a good sign or a bad one; I forget which."

"Run, Charles, for the doctor! It's going to die—I know it is! Oh, don't stop to dress—don't! It may die while you are waiting. Call for Granny Bates, and tell her to bring some catnip, and caffron, and peppermint—tell her to bring all the herbs she's got! and do hurry—Charles, do! Mercy on us! it's sucking bath thumbs then Charles, run!"

Mr. Phillips caught up the first articles of clothing he could lay his hands on, which proved to be his wife's embroidered petticoat, but he was in too much hase, and altogether too much excited to notice dress particularly. He flung the garment over his head, and tied it around his waist—slipped on his shoes and plunged into the keen air. The Doctor was asleep, and did not care about turning out, but being told that it was a case of life and death, he yielded at once.

Mr. Phillips left him dressing, and sped to the residence of Granny Bates. The old lady was wise but she was very superstitious and believed in warnings and apparitions. Phillips gave a thundering rap at her door, and directly a night capped head appeared at the upper window.

"What do you want at this time of the night and who be ye?" said the cracked voice.

Phillips stepped out and stood plainly revealed by the light of a dim moon.

"Good gracious, massy!" cried the old woman, "its got a scolloped petticoat on. Land, I didn't think they'd spend their time on such vanities as that are!"

"It's a dying!" exclaimed Phillips—"come down quick!"

"Not I! I ain't so green as to trust my old body to a supernatural ghost!" and down went the window with a bang. Phillips pounded at the door until he was tired, and then made tracks for his home.

"Dr. Gray had just arrived. Mrs. Phillips was preparing to go into hysterics as soon as she heard his opinion.

Baby was much worse; it was not only sucking its thumbs, but wiggled its toes. It could not continue long. The doctor, with a grave face, entered the sick room. Biddy rubbed her mistress with camphor. Mr. Phillips stood by, wiping his eyes, with the drapery of his scant attire.

"Oh, doctor! doctor! will it die? Only save it doctor, and you may take all I have!" cried Mrs. Phillips, wringing her hands. "I'll get down on my knees to you and thank you forever.

"Keep your sitting, marm, keep your sitting," said the doctor, taking a large pinch of snuff.

"Don't keep me in suspense! Only look at its precious little arm! What is it! For the love of heaven tell me—let me know the worst."

"Well, marm, if I speak out, you promise not to blame me?" asked the doctor gravely.

"No, no!"

"Marm," said he, with his long face still more fearfully elongated, "it is my opinion as a man and physician, that the child has been bitten by four bed bugs, or else he has been bitten in four places by one insect of that description."

"Dr. Gray," cried the father, "do you mean to insult us?"

"By no means, sir; I repeat, sir, that I think—

"No, you don't!" yelled Mrs. P. It's enough to insinuate that I have bed bugs, to say nothing of the libel on that little angel cherub. Get out of this house this instant, you mean, cheating, insulting old vagabond!" and seizing the butter ladle from the table, where Biddy had laid it full of hot pepper tea, she flung it at him. The doctor knew enough about women to realize that in flight lay safety, with a hasty bow he backed off the step and started for his gig. The ground was inclined; and quite icy. His heels flew up, his head went down, and his whole body spun down the hill like a steel shod cutter. Mrs. P., nothing daunted, rushed after him, and shared the same fate. The two brought up together at the foot of the hill, in a watering trough, but no words of sympathy were exchanged. The doctor got up as quick as he could, and galloped home, and Mrs. Phillips followed his example.

The baby lived and throve. As it grew older, its dictatorship became more and more absolute. Phillips was down on all fours the greater part of his time, that the baby might ride on his back; and Mrs. Phillips went without crinoline, and left her arms bare in the coldest weather because the steel springs and her dress sleeves hurt the baby.

Baby made a complete wreck of all the crockery in the house—pounded it with a hammer; he kicked his heels through the looking glasses, and tore the inwards out of pa's gold watch unmolested. It pleased the deary, weary, scary, baby, his mother said—the little milty sugar plummy boy.

One day, when the wonderful boy was a year old, the village inhabitants were startled by the disbelieved apparition of Mrs. Phillips—bare headed, and wearing a wild expression of countenance—hurrying at a frantic rate to the joiner's shop, where her husband worked; and instantly reappeared, followed by Mr. Phillips at a dog trot.

Old Squire Smith saw them, and being a man who lived in constant dread of fire, he thought it must be the residence of Mr. Phillips was in flames. The old gentleman was perfectly insane on the subject of conflagration, and at the top of his lungs raised the cry:

"Fire! fire! fire!"

"Where? where?" cried a score of voices.

"Charles Phillips' house!" said the old gentleman.

The fire company gathered, got out the engine, and ran with all speed to the fatal house. But to their astonishment they did not as much as smell a puff of smoke in the region.

The head fireman, who was something of a wag, knocked at the door. Mrs. Phillips appeared, absolutely radiant.

"Is this the house, allow me to inquire ma'am, that we are expected to squirt on?" said the fireman.

"I do not understand you," said Mrs. P., "but baby has walked two steps—two steps on his own feet, alone!"

"Sold! by Jupiter!" cried the fireman; "and now boys, here's three times three to the baby that walked three steps! Hearty; men!"

And they gave three cheers—drank a barrel of cider which Mr. Phillips rolled out, and then returned home.

THE Chicago *Times* says with wicked wit: "In Europe the tailors are on a strike. So is one of them in this country."

BOY LOST.

He had black eyes, with long lashes, red cheeks, and hair almost black and curly. He wore a crimson plaid jacket, with full trowsers buttoned on; had a habit of whistling, and liked to ask questions; was accompanied by a small black dog. It is a long time now since he disappeared. I have a very pleasant house, and much company. My guests say, "Ah! it is pleasant to be here. Everything has such an orderly, put-away look—nothing about under foot—no dirt." But my eyes are aching for the sight of whittlings and cut paper on the floor; of tumbled down card-houses, of wooden sheep and cattle; of pop-guns, bows and arrows; whips, tops, go-carts, blocks, and trumpery. I want to see crumbs on the carpet, and paste spilt on the kitchen table. I want to see the chairs and tables turned the wrong way about. I want to see candy-making and corn-popping, and to find jack-knives and fish-hooks among my muslins. Yet these things used to fret me once. "How quiet you are here. Ah! one may settle his brains and be at peace." But my ears are aching for the pattering of little feet; for a hearty shout, a shrill whistle, a gay tra la; for the crack of little whips; for the noise of drums, fifes, and tin trumpets. Yet these things made me nervous once.

They say: "Ah! you have leisure, nothing to disturb you. What heaps of sewing you have time for!" But I long to be disturbed. I want to be asked for a bit of string or an old newspaper; for a cent to buy a slate pencil or peanuts. I want to be coaxed for a piece of new cloth for jibs and mainsails, and then to hem the same. I want to make little flags, and bags to hold marbles. I want to be followed by little feet all over the house, teased for a bit of dough for a little cake, or to bake a pie in a saucer. Yet, these things used to fidget me once. They say; "Ah! you are not tied at home. How delightful to be always at liberty for concerts, lectures and parties! No confinement for you." But I want confinement. I want to listen to the school-bell mornings, to give the last hasty wash and brush, and then to watch from the window nimble feet bounding away to school. I want frequent rents to mend, and to replace lost buttons. I want to obliterate mud-stains, molasses stains, and paints of all colors. I want to be sitting by a little crib of evenings, when weary little feet are at rest, and prattling voices are hushed, that mothers may sing their lullabys, and tell over their oft-repeated stories. They don't know their happiness, then, these mothers; I didn't. All these things I called confinement once.

A manly figure stands before me now. He is taller than I, has thick whiskers, wears a frock-coat, a bosomed shirt and a cravat. He has just come from college. He brings Latin and Greek in his countenance, and busts of the old philosophers in the sitting room. He calls me mother, but I am rather unwilling to own him. He avers that he is my boy, and says that he can prove it. He brings his little boat to show the red stripe on the sail (it was the end of the piece) and the name on the stern, Lucy Lowe, a little girl of our neighbor, who, because of her long curls and pretty, round face, was the chosen favorite ot my boy. The curls were long since cut off, and she has grown to a tall, handsome girl. How his face reddens as he shows the name on the boat? Oh! I see it all as plain as if it were written in a book. My little boy is lost, and my big boy will soon be. Oh, I wish he were a little tired boy in a long night-gown, lying in his crib, with me sitting by, holding his hand in mine, pushing the curls lack from his forehead, watching his eyelids droop, and listening to his deep breathing.

If I only had my little boy again, how patient I would be! How much I would bear, and how little I would fret and scold! I can never have him back again; but there are still many mothers who have not yet lost their little boys. I wonder if they know they are living their very best days, that now is the time to really enjoy their children! I think if I had been more to my little boy, I might now be more to my grown up one.—*Home Magazine.*

PROBLEM.—Suppose a man and a girl were to get married—the man 35 years old, and the girl 5 years, this makes the man seven times as old as the girl; they live together until the girl is ten years old, this makes the man 40 year old, and four times as old as the girl; and they still live until she is 15, the man would be 45; this makes the man three times as old, and they still live till she is 30 years old, this makes the man 60, only twice as old and so on. Now how long would they have to live to make the girl as old as the man?

HENRY WARD BEECHER, in his discourse on Sunday, said that "Some men will not shave on Sunday, and yet they spend all the week in shaving their fellow men; and many folks think it very wicked to black their boots on Sunday morning, yet they do not hesitate to black their nighbor's reputation on week days."

"How heavily you walk!" exclaimed a watchful spouse on hearing her husband tumble up stairs late at night. 'Well, my dear, was the gruff response; 'if you canget abarrel of whisky up stairs with any less noise, I should like to see you do it."

HO! FOR SALT RIVER!

There is supposed to be a popular saline region somewhere this side the Mountains of the Moon, whither wend their way disappointed politicians after the close of important elections. Some years ago the Salt River district was reported by those who had been there as a right smart and pleasant abode, but lately it has received anything but a favorable reputation, for the unterrified Democratic party have long held their residence in the neighborhood, and under their rule ruin has followed. The churches were destroyed, the school houses burned, the railways abandoned for corduroy roads, slavery established, and a near approach to primitive ages was made, for retrogression was the mischievous policy of the party in occupancy. General Apathy, however, found them in due time and brought them back to the haunts of civilization. The noisy turmoil and cheers for Sharswood heard on our streets, the establishment of cockpits in newspaper offices, and other uncivilized conduct, mark the poor men who have just got down from the saline regions.

But there is a new day dawning for Salt River. Its navigation is to be improved, the lands on its banks are to be cultivated. The region left in ruin by Democrats is to be inhabited for a short time by the progressive party, and what changes will be wrought? Churches and school houses will spring up, railroads will checker the land, and universal freedom will be re-established. We have our ticket, sent all the way from Philadelphia. It is issued by the Democratic State line and in stupidity is great. As the chief literature of the opposition is hand bills and minstrel "dodgers," the design for the pretentious card has been drawn from a moderately well supplied job-office, and does not lack for "nagur" heads, "Pomp on ice," and "Sambo in a clog dance." So the card passes us we presume it is all right; but we choose to accept another ticket, issued by the Allegheny County Committee of the Democracy, because it is smaller in size and the quantity of wit displayed. It beats a steamboat cut, and contains local hits not unworthy a sleek and well fed boot black's wit. Either ticket will do to reach the point to which we are temporarily assigned, but we are consoled in knowing that our crowd is great on reconstruction.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

WHAT THE MATTER WAS.

Twenty or thirty years ago, when missionary enterprise was in its infancy among the islands of the South Seas, Captain Summers anchored his sloop-of-war off one of the Marquesas, I think it was. The next morning he saw an American flag floating from the beach, Union down. This excited him fearfully, of course, and he sent off a boat at once to inquire into the matter. Presently the boat returned and brought a grave-looking missionary. The Captain's anxiety ran high. He said:

"What was the trouble out there?—quick!"

"Well, I am grieved to say, sir," said the missionary, "that the natives have been interrupting our sacerdotal exercises."

"No!—blast their yaller hides, I'll—what—what was it you said they'd been doing?"

"It pains me, sir, to say that they have been interrupting our sacerdotal exercises."

"Interrupting your—your—your—h—ll! Man the starboard guns!—Stand by, all! to give 'em the whole battery!"

The astonished clergyman hastened to protest against such excessive rigorous measures, and finally succeeded in making the old tar understand that the natives had only been breaking up a prayer meeting.

"Oh, devil take it, man, is that all? I thought you meant that they'd stopped your grog!"

CURIOSITIES WANTED.—The topmost bough of an axletree; a twig from a branch of trade; a crust from the roll of the ocean; a feather from the crest fallen wave; some quills from the wings of the wind; a lock of hair from the head of a column; a hoop from the pale of society; the knife used by ringers when pealing bells; a broom for sweeping assertions; a collar for a neck of land; a quizzing glass for an eye to business; a rocker from the cradle of the deep; a few tears from a weeping willow; some down from the bosom of a lake; a pin to fasten the tie of friendship; the tongue of a speaking eye; a leg from the stool of repentance; a link from a chain of evidence; a feather from fancy's wings.

LADIES BATHING.—A correspondent says it is very amusing to watch the ladies bathe. They are almost always timid, and avoid going into the water as long as possible, preferring to run down the beach just near enough to get their delicate little feet damp, and then scream in the most heart-rendering manner. They sit along the beach and make "sand pies," ask those who come out of the water is cold or deep, and how they feel. At last having become sufficiently courageous, they form a line by taking hold of another's hands, and slowly inaugurate a second "march to the sea."

"I'll Na Trust Ye."

Two centuries ago it was thought an insult in the Highlands of Scotland to ask a note from a debtor. It was considered the same as saying, "I doubt your honor," If parties had business matters to transact, they stepped into the air, fixed their eyes upon the heavens each repeated his obligation, with no mortal witness. A mark was then carved on some rock or tree near by as remembrance of a compact. Such a thing as a breach of contract was rarely met with, so highly did the people regard their honor.

When the march of improvement brought the new mode of doing business, they were often pained by these innovations. An anecdote is handed down of a farmer who had been to the Lowlands and learned worldly wisdom. On returning to his native parish he had need of a sum of money, and made bold to ask a loan of a gentleman of means, named Stewart. This was cheerfully granted, and Mr. S. counted out the gold. This done, the farmer wrote a reciept, and offered it to the gentleman.

"What is this, man?" cried Mr. Stewart, sternly eyeing the slip of paper.

"It is a receipt, sir, binding me to give ye back your gold at the right time," replied Sandy.

"*Binding* ye? Well, my man, if ye canna trust yourself I'm sure I'll na trust ye! Ye canna ha my gold!" And gathering it up, he put it back in his desk and turned his key on it.

"But, sir, I might die," replied the canny Scotchman, bringing up an argument in favor of his new wisdom, "and my sons might refuse it ye. But this bit of paper wad compel them."

"*Compel* them to sustain a dead father's honor?" cried the Scot. "They'll need compelling to do right, if this is the road yer leading them! I'll neither trust ye nor them. Ye can gang elsewhere for money! But ye'll find nane in this parish that'll put more faith in a bit o' paper than in a neighbor's word o' honor and his fear o' God!"

Fun as a Profession.

The business of making people laugh is no joke. Yoricks, whose specialty it is to set the table in a roar, are generally, when off duty, a chop-fallen tribe. Writers who produce largely for the humorous papers are, in at least three cases out of five, gloomy and taciturn. Comic actors as a class have always been notorious for their melancholy bearing behind the scenes. Liston, the English comedian, the expression of whose face, even in repose, was solu dicrous that it provoked laughter, saw one of the most confirmed hypochondriacs of his day; and "Billy Williams" for years the leading representative of broad farces in this country, used to blubber like a whipped schoolboy whenever anything went wrong with him. When Dominique, the French *farceur*, was convulsing all Paris with his drolleries, a physician of that city was one day visited by a miserable looking man, who asked what he should do to get rid of a horrible desire to commit suicide which continually haunted him. "Go and see Dominique," said the doctor, "Alas!" replied the unfortunate wretch, "I am Dominique." Forced humor is indeed a sorry business. There is a reactionary principle in human nature which renders depression the inevitable consequence of over strained merriment. The philosophy of all this is, that although wit and hnmor are cheerful faculties when suffered to develop themselves spontaneously, they are quite the reverse when compelled to drudge. In fact, no one faculty can be overworked except at the expense of all the others. To keep the body in a healthy, vigorous, elastic condition, all its attributes must be properly exercised. It is the same with the mind.

Wonderful Instinct of the Horse.

Mr. Green Triplet, of Flemingsburg, Ky., sold a horse to the Goverment early in the war. The same horse was taken to Cincinnati and sold to an officer in the United States army, and since that time nothing was heard of him until a few days ago, when he returned to the farm of Mr. Triplet who had raised him from a colt. The horse was four years old when he left, and now returns aged eight years, having been on quite a tour since he left his home. Where he came from, or how he managed to find the place of his birth, is involved in mystery.

Mr. Triplet is an excellent hand with horses, and it is supposed that the animal was badly treated, and having evaded the vigilance of his masters, has returned to the home of his choice. This is a remarkable illustration of the wondrous instinct possessed by the horse. This horse was absent four loug years in distant and strange lands, and how he managed to find his way back home, is quite a problem for the naturalist. It shows that the horse is possessed of a wonderful instinct, and years do not wipe out his memory.

A CORRESPONDENT of the London *Globe* gives an account of a disgusting practical joke played off between a French Marquis and some lady guests. They put flour in his bed. He had it scraped off his person, made into cake and furnished to them. After they had eaten he gave a recipe for making the cake, "First, take your flour and roll a man in it."

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines of brevier counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 20 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

THE DIABOLICAL SPIRIT OF MODERN DEMOCRACY.

At a meeting of the Democracy held at Hillsboro, Ohio, Mr. Vallandigham was advertised to speak, but just before that apostle commenced, the chairman, a Mr. Jilson, announced that he had just received a letter, and he would like to read it. Mr. Vallandigham said certainly, and Mr. Jilson read as follows:

"IN HELL," ROOM NO. 71,460.

"*To the Black Republicans of Ohio!*"

"I am here suffering torments for my crimes and usurpations while on earth. I am reminded of my great wickedness and send these words to you to take warning. George Washington passed me on the other side of the gulf, but only looked at me with unutterable scorn. Take warning by my fate."

[Signed] "ABRAHAM LINCOLN."

The double dyed impious devil read the forgoing production with a malicious chuckle, and the great (?) Vallandighm *made it the basis of an appeal to his audience to avoid Hell by voting with the "Democratic" party.* The narration of this diabolical piece of treasonable impudence called forth a hurricane of hisses from the audience, and seemed to deepen the hatred which all respectable people must entertain for those who can tolerate such beastly profanity.

A SAN FRANCISCO letter says: "The magnificent steamship Great Republic, the finest in the world and the largest, save the Great Eastern, was starting on her first trip for Japan and China. It was a glorious morning, and half the city turned out to see the proud representative of America steam away for the shores of Asia. The steamship displayed the flags of the United States, Japan, and China, with that of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and as she moved away from the wharf her guns startled the whole city with their sharp, deep reports. At this moment the Chinese, who crowded the wharf by thousands, dressed in their holiday attire, flung after the steamer into the Bay of San Francisco thousands on thousands of long slips of bright enameled yellow and red papers, inscribed with prayers to unknown gods for the vessel, 'that at the great depths of the sea should spare her and all on board, and gentle waves and propitious winds waft her swiftly to her haven in the Central Flowery Lands.'"

ONE day Josiah Quincy, and J. Q. Adams visited the lecture room of Judge Story and took seats on the platform. The vistors were addicted to early rising and fancied it a virtue. Judge story in his lecture, was teaching that nature indicates when we have slept enough, by rousing us without aid, and that it is best to finish your sleep in bed and be wide a wake when out of it. Turning towards his guests he saw them both asleep, and, addressing the class, said, "Gentlemen you see before you a melancholy example of the ill effects of early rising." A shout of laughter aroused the sleepers to listen to the remainder of the lecture. When persons sleep in church it is generally "the evil effects of early rising." The habit of arousing children out of sleep, by way of teaching them the virtue of early rising, is a vice which should not be tolerated. Children should take light suppers and go to bed early and sleep until they awake. Breakfast and school should always wait until they have slept as long as nature dictates, be that eight hours or twelve.

THE UNITED STATES LANGUAGE.—At Messilla, New Mexico, the public records and legal proceedings were in Spanish. A Kentuckian was brought before the alcade or magistrate for assault and battery. The native Judge, with shaggy beard; uncombed hair and dirty face, appeared on the bench in a soiled calico shirt and buckskin sandals. He knew no English. Sternly motioning the Kentuckian to rise, he ordered the sheriff to ask the prisoner whether he spoke Spanish.

"Nary Spanish."

"Then," said the alcade, "he must hire an interpreter."

The delinquent shifting his tobacco quid to the other cheek, replied.

"Ask him whether his court is sitting in Mexico or the United States?"

"In the United States!" responded the angry official.

"Then tell him that I understand the United States language, and he don't I'll see him d—d before I hire an interpreter for *him.*'

THE RODMAN GUN.—An English paper which crowed loudly over the previous experiments with the Rodman gun, "comes down" handsomely, in view of the last test. We quote:

"The fifteen-inch Rodman gun has really penetrated the eight-inch target at Shoeburyness. There need be no longer any dispute as to the quality of the powder nor the amount of the charge. One hundred pounds weight of American No. 7 canon powder,' contained in a bag nearly two feet long, have propelled a 450-pound shot through eight inches of armor and eighteen inches of solid teak. The smash was tremendous, and so was the noise. The roar of the huge gun 'made the earth tremble.' Two masses of armor-plate, each weighing about six hundred weight' were tossed some twenty yards or more to the rear of the target, and a shower of 'smaller' pieces lay scattered upon the ground. A massive timber shoot was dashed into splinters, and three others were injured. Of the inner side of the target, a piece was carried away, which is described as being of the size of an ordinary teatray. A second shot was even more triumphant than the first seeing that it struck the target in a stronger place, being, in fact, the soundest part of the structure which has been sorely damaged by a long series of merciless experiments—the enormous quantity of 200,000 pounds of metal having been hurled against its iron front."

The Waynesburg Republican
WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.
Wednesday, Oct. 23, '67.

WHAT SHOULD BE DONE.

"Crying over spilt milk," is neither solacing or profitable. The campaign of '68 is already before us, and the issues at stake demand that every effort should be put forth to secure the election of a Union Republican President. The first duty is the re-organization of our party. This done it will be to the interest of all to see that those holding opposite views be counseled and advised. The N. Y. *Tribune* aptly remarks that, if every man in the country could read, and did habitually read two good journals, one of each party, we should have no more doubt of electing a Republican President next year than of the rising of the sun. But every voter who does not read is a peril; and the multiplicity of such voters subject the results of our election too much to the control of accident. Fortune will not always favor us as she did in 1864 and 1866. We can be sure of victories only by deserving them. And the duty now imperatively pressing upon us is to *take care that every voter who can read, and will read it, or who has some one in his family who can and will read it to him, is seasonably supplied with a good Republican journal for the whole year 1868.*

We are not going to succeed so easily as many have fondly calculated, and we rejoice that we are not. If we let the contest go at hap-hazzard, and do not seasonably provide for and deserve success, we may be beaten. But if we begin now, and, by concerted, systematic effort, put a good Republican newspaper into the hands of every voter who will read it, we cannot be beaten.

Flooding the country with printed matter on the eve of an Election is a desperate resort—better than nothing, and that is all. No reliance can be placed on it; little good ordinarily comes of it. But begin now, and systematically insure that every man that has a vote shall have a newspaper if he will take it, and all is safe.

Republicans! resolve to see to it at once!

BECOMING PIOUS.

In reply to a dispatch from the Columbus, Ohio, *Crisis*, regarding the election in that State, A. J. replied: "I heartily thank you for the good news, God bless you." The good St. Andrew, observes the Washington *Chronicle*, is becoming profuse in his pious invocations. Some days ago he astonished the departing Nicaraguan minister by the frequent, though somewhat undiplomatic ejaculation, "God bless you, My Molina!" with which he closed his speech on that occasion. Is this an indication of a more devoted spirit than that to which he has been commonly supposed to be too much addicted, or does it spring from the maudlin sort of religious sentiment which an over indulgence in the latter sometimes inspires? Possibly, Mr. Johnson, foreseeing the early termination of his political life, designs turning his attention hereafter to ecclesiastical preferment, and desires to place himself on a good footing with the religious community in advance. Having swung round the entire circle of political honors, he may, like Alexander, be longing for another world to conquer, and perhaps intends making his next campaign in the domain of the Church.

OCTOBER ELECTIONS.

PENNSYLVANIA.—The vote in this State was usually light. About 80,000 voters, compared with last year, remained at home, viz: 40,000 Republicans and 22,000 Democrats. Sharswood, the Democratic candidate for Judge, is elected by about 922 majority. He succeeds a Democratic Judge, and there is, therefore, nothing lost nor gained by the result of his case. The Legislature elected is Republican in both branches—the Senate standing 20 Republicans to 13 Democrats, and the House 54 Republicans to 46 Democrats. The Republicans have a majority of 15 on joint ballot.

OHIO.—Gen. Hayes, the Republican candidate for Governor, and other State officers on the Republican ticket are all elected by about 3,000 majority each. The Legislature, however is Democratic by a majority of one in the Senate and five in the House—not a large preponderance, but enough to give the Democrats a U. S. Senator in the place of the Hon. Ben Wade whose time expires in 1869. This is the only real practical gain which the Democrats have made anywhere in the October Elections, notwithstanding their shouting and boasting of power over [illegible]. The popular vote in Ohio was unusually light—probably [illegible] voters staying at home [illegible] in Pennsylvania.

IOWA.—In this State, the Republicans have carried everything, Governor, Legislature, &c., by the heavy majority of about 30,000.

INDIANA.—The election in this State was simply for County officers and the result is as favorable to the Republicans as usual. At all points, where a full vote was called out, the Republicans made handsome gains on their majorities of last year, which were large enough then to give them a very decisive victory in the State.

NEBRASKA.— The city election at Omaha resulted in a Republican victory. This is a gain. Omaha had hitherto been a copperhead stronghold.

The above are the real *results* of the October elections. We are aware that the Democratic papers have told a different story, but the the truth is precisely as we have stated it above. Instead of carrying Ohio by five or ten thousand majority, the Democrats are beaten 3,000 in that State, and instead of electing Judge Sharswood in Pennsylvania by from twelve to fifteen thousand, he goes in with the meagre majority of about 922, all of which, and more, was secured to him in Philadelphia by Republican friends, who respected him as a neighbor and had confidence in his abilities as a jurist. There is no doubt of the Republican majority both in Ohio and Pennsylvania being full as large at this moment as it ever was, and next year when Grant comes upon the course it wil be increased beyond all precedent.

ALABAMA.—The election held in this State, a few days since, was carried in favor of a Convention to provide for the resumption by Alabama of her place as a member of the Union, by a majority of 72,000. In Louisiana the majority for Convention is about 20,000. This decision in those two States shows the vast preponderance of the Republicans—the test being Convention or no Convention. The Democrats are opposed to holding a Convention, but they are beaten by an immense majority. If the Republicans shall pursue their advantage, and we have no doubt of it, they will have Louisiana and Alabama, as well as all the other ex-rebel States, into the Union, in time to vote at the next Presidential election, when they will all vote for the Republican candidate. Gen. Grant will be elected next year by the largest majority ever given to a Presidential candidate. He will carry every State in the Union, except Kentucky and Maryland.

THEN AND NOW.

In 1862, says the Pittsburg *Gazette*, the Democrats carried New York by 10,752, and elected 17 members of Congress to 14 Republicans. New Jersey by 14,597, and elected 4 members to one Republican. Pennsylvania by 3, 524, and elected 13 members to 11 Republicans. Ohio by 5,577, and elected 7 members to 4 Republicans. Illinois by 16,546, and elected 9 members to 5 Republicans. Michigan by 6,614, and gained 1 member. Then our armies were in the field, Emancipation was in prospect, Republicans had to breast all the recoil current of that public sentiment turned aside by the annulling of Fremont's proclamation. They had defeats, disasters, mistakes and betrayals to contend against. Their leader was more vilified and ridiculed than any public man had ever been. Their enemies were wild with enthusiasm. The rebels struck with renewed vigor and assurance of victory. The London *Times* assumed that nothing could bring peace but a recognition of the confederate States; Mr. Gladstone said Jefferson Davis had created a nation. The Democrats held a jubilee in Philadelphia, at which our soldiers were said to be fighting "in patient submission to the inexorable law which drags them from their homes," and that "the Democracy now present to the world an unbroken phalanx of kindred souls, that they can never be enslaved and that the habeas corpus is the sheet-anchor of their hopes." Mr. Lincoln was pronounced "a tyrant" who had come into power with "heathen oaths," and was "a nightmare to his country." Mr. Ingersoll proposed a National Convention "for the reintegration of our individual freedom and our State rights, and as some hope of restoring the Union, of which there was not the remotest chance by any other means." Mr. Reed, more diplomatic, said "the North was weary of debt and taxation, of the tax collector and the recruiting sergeant, weary of the ambulance of the wounded and the hearses of the dead, and would hail with ecstacy beyond control the hour when flags of truce should be displayed at Washington and Richmond." He called upon the next Legislature to "become the grand inquest" for indicting all who dared to take a prominent part in the war. But the nation was not lost. The clouds which darkened the horizon swiftly vanished, and bright victories followed in rapid succession on the field where thousands of brave hearts were battling, and at home where the silent ballot gave evidence that the people were still arrayed on the side of Truth, Right and Justice, so to-day as in 1862, the cloud lowers, but it portends no disaster. The people see its silver edges and hopefully await the bright gleam of sunlight which will stream through to warm and gladden the heart of the nation at the forthcoming Presidential election.

UP SALT!

We have been furnished with a free ticket to the, to us, hitherto unexplored region of "Salt River." If go we must we shall chose our own craft there being decided objections to traveling on a boat patronized for the last ninety-six years only by Democrats. The steamer is named "Miscegenation." We imagine it has been re-christened, since it required a more legible name before they professed to have abandoned it.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE, in a recent decision in Maryland, decided against the colored apprentice system whereby a mild form of slavery was still maintained, there and elsewhere in the south. The Chief Justice decides that, under the Civil Rights bill, colored persons are citizens of the United States equally with whites, and no citizen can be held in involuntary servitude, except in punishment for crime. It is a salutary decision, perfectly consistent with right and justice.

CAPT. H. KEYS, Democratic candidate for sheriff in Washington Co. was elected over Major Henry Myers, Republican, by one hundred and eighteen votes. The aggregate vote of the county is 548 short of that cast for Governor last year. Of this we lose 359, or in other words Judge William's vote falls that far short of Gov. Geary's, while Sharswood is only 199 below Clymer. Poor consolation for Democracy there.

THE "Bondholder's organ" is the *last* cognomen bestowed by our prolific neighbor. We take exception to the *name*. We never owned a bond and doubt whether we ever shall; nor do we envy those who do enough to advocate their theft. Honesty, friend, "honesty is the best policy."

WE see by the returns that Greene county is as *green* as ever. Pauley seems afraid of the ripening influence of Waynesburg College, and belabors it as a very small and insignificant concern.

We clip the above from the Brownsville *Clipper* to show the citizens of Greene county that the efforts of our neighbor to stop the spread of knowledge and crush out the school-teacher is appreciated elsewhere.

GENERAL GRANT is looming up on all sides as the next candidate of the Republican party for President, which makes it certain that he will be the next President of the United States. The people have of one accord proclaimed him champion and woe be to the politicians that enter the lists against him.

BYRON says of one of his piratical heroes that he was "the mildest mannered man that ever scuttled a ship or cut a throat." The *World* says of its successful candidate for the Supreme Bench in Pennsylvania: "A gentleman of more irreproachable manners never helped to cut the throat of political tyranny before."

THE Democracy have advertised a grand illumination and ratification Meeting for Thursday afternoon and evening, next. We cannot give our readers the programme for the day afore-mentioned, but Friday after it will be sick-head-ache, body indisposed for action, stomach deranged, *et al*, in numerous train.

THE New York *Day Book* says "the leaders of the Republican party from Lincoln down to the tail end of its official existence, deserved crucifixion a thousand times over for its one impious, fathomless and unpronounceable crime of emancipation."

THE *Messenger* man and his ilk, didn't choose to loan their money to the Government to pay the soldiers, and prosecute the war; and now having no bonds are naturally opposed to being taxed to pay the interest of the loan.

THE Memphis (Tenn.) *Avalanche* says "the country can now breath more freely" as the elections indicate a speedy return of "the true men of the South" to their old places in the Government.

THE Republican State Central Committee of Ohio have resolved for Gen. Grant as the next candidate for President.

THE *Franklin Repository* has hoisted the name of Gen. Grant for the Presidency in 1868.

ROBERT LINCOLN, son of the late President, has just been admitted to the bar in Chicago.

THE Uniontown (Pa.) *Standard* raises the name of General Grant, for President.

THE Tennessee Legislature has nominated Grant for the Presidency.

STATE ELECTION—OFFICIAL.

The following is given as the official vote of the State election on the 8th inst. We give the vote of 1866 for the purpose of comparison:

Counties.	Governor, 1866. Union. Geary	Cop. Clymer.	Sup. Judge, 1867. Union. Will'ms.	Cop. Shars'd.
Adams	2,910	3,1[illegible]	2,487	2,829
Allegheny	20,511	12,196	16,333	9,094
Armstrong	3,758	3,087	3,235	2,934
Beaver	3,320	2,285	2,818	2,278
Bedford	2,591	2,835	2,305	2,644
Berks	7,121	13,288	6,117	11,912
Blair	3,599	2,768	3,113	2,590
Bradford	7,134	3,091	5,846	2,638
Bucks	6,865	7,390	6,221	6,910
Butler	3,554	3,061	2,939	2,692
Cambria	2,613	3,235	2,068	3,029
Cameron	371	308	358	300
Carbon	1,906	2,139	1,637	2,121
Centre	3,004	3,565	2,790	3,173
Chester	1,776	2,813	7,751	5,853
Clarion	8,500	6,221	1,410	2,668
Clearfield	1,650	2,786	1,477	2,740
Clinton	1,754	2,207	1,602	2,228
Columbia	1,965	3,581	1,636	3,453
Crawford	6,714	4,390	5,109	4,018
Cumberland	4,020	4,367	3,451	4,231
Dauphin	5,091	4,301	5,217	3,847
Delaware	3,047	2,362	3,297	2,148
Elk	378	916	285	751
Erie	7,237	3,957	5,504	3,128
Fayette	3,560	4,030	3,184	3,809
Forest	100	76	229	319
Franklin	4,259	4,106	3,773	3,962
Fulton	775	1,055	709	1,019
Greene	1,699	3,239	1,313	3,753
Huntingdon	3,248	2,220	3,009	2,238
Indiana	4,138	2,109	3,698	1,847
Jefferson	2,015	1,912	1,806	1,861
Juniata	1,518	1,874	1,358	1,965
Lancaster	11,982	8,502	12,739	7,475
Lawrence	3,569	1,410	2,883	1,281
Lebanon	4,104	2,698	3,625	2,591
Lehigh	4,150	5,731	3,514	5,141
Luzerne	8,738	12,387	7,985	10,161
Lycoming	3,871	4,418	3,604	4,337
McKean	877	714	705	515
Mercer	4,418	3,737	3,935	3,111
Mifflin	1,725	1,835	1,565	1,702
Monroe	705	2,800	643	2,339
Montgomery	7,286	8,342	6,586	7,683
Montour	1,130	1,320	1,006	1,283
Northampton	3,830	6,870	3,527	5,979
Northumb'rlnd	3,301	3,820	3,023	3,409
Perry	2,581	2,436	2,127	2,292
Philadelphia	51,203	48,817	49,587	52,075
Pike	309	1,641	235	901
Potter	1,316	620	1,134	481
Schuylkill	8,793	10,511	7,226	8,280
Snyder	1,792	1,326	1,690	1,190
Somerset	3,062	1,739	2,756	1,511
Sullivan	298	761	421	683
Susquehanna	4,429	2,381	3,917	2,030
Tioga	4,791	1,628	4,009	1,125
Union	1,981	1,287	1,675	1,200
Venango	4,109	3,182	3,019	2,810
Warren	2,687	1,372	4,618	4,513
Washington	1,977	1,712	2,131	1,459
Wayne	2,357	2,893	2,229	2,598
Westmoreland	5,046	6,111	3,212	5,645
Wyoming	1,408	1,199	1,377	1,171
York	5,896	8,780	4,818	7,671
Total	307,274 290,096	290,096	266,824	267,746 266,824
Majority	17,178			922

It will be perceived that the Republican vote is short......40,530
Democratic......22,070

How it was Done.

As evidence of the great earnestness with which they went about their work, we publish below a literal copy of a private circular issued by the Democratic State Committee, and sent to the chairman of every county committee, under the injunction of secresy.

[Private.]

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS,
No. 738 Sansom street,
Philadelphia, Sept. 18th, 1867.

To———, Esq.,
Chairman of County Committee,
———County.

DEAR SIR:—The necessity for close attention to details in this contest is most apparent. It is comparatively noiseless, but it should be made *full of activity.*

The great end to be accomplished is:

To poll every Democratic vote.

The first thing to be done is to learn the names of all the Democrats and doubtful men. For this purpose the blanks were furnished you, and so far as you have returned to me the lists, I to-day send you copies by mail. Send the remainder as rapidly as possible.

These lists are to be placed in the hands of active men in the districts; I enclose in *each list* a circular describing *their duties, for their direction;* I also enclose you a copy thereof.

Make it your business to employ these men *yourself. Do not trust to letters; go and see them; pay them; pay them for their time in warning the dilatory, and for election day, and provide the means to haul the slow men to the polls.* It is better to spend money in this way than by meetings. If you have ony doubt of the men you employ, tell others of our friends that you have placed money in their hands.

Get your detailed vote for 1867 and 1866. Compare the two, this will show you the districts likely to be slow. Give *them* special attention now. It is important to get reliable men in each district. Do not devote your attention to making a specific majority, but *look to getting your whole vote.* When this is done the majority follows.

In *very slow districts*, I would suggest a special contract with active men, thus: In 1865, the district polled 100 Democratic votes; in 1866, 120 Democratic votes; now for every Democratic vote over 110, polled, we will pay you a fixed sum the day after the election. This is simply an incentive to bring men out, for the vote of 1866 shows they are there.

See that your agents have all Democrats assessed, naturalized and their taxes paid. Let me know what I can do for you.

Send forward the lists rapidly.

Be very careful of this paper; keep it entirely private.

Respectfully Yours,
WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Chairman.

It is evident from this, remarks the Washington *Reporter*, that no small amount of money was used in the canvass, most of which was no doubt supplied by the Administration. As we are thus informed of the means employed to produce the result over which our opponents are rejoicing, let it be the fixed determination of every Republican that the like shall not occur again.

NEAL DEVENNY is to be hung in Luzerne County, Pa., for the murder of his wife, on the 12th of November next; and Mrs. Lena Miller is to be hung in Clearfield County in the same State, on the 13th of November. Gov. Geary has signed the death-warrants of both the above named murderers.

PHILADELPHIA.

Contested Election—Democratic Frauds.

PHILADELPHIA, October 18.—The Republican candidates for Register of Wills, Clerk of the Orphans' Courts, and City Commissioners, have commenced a contest in the Court of Common Pleas with the Democrats who received certificates. Election frauds are alleged in many wards. In one precinct the Democratic election officers are said to have received one hundred and ninety-six votes from persons not on the list of voters. Similar frauds are charged in the Second, Tenth, Fifteenth, Seventeenth and Twenty-fifth wards, more than enough to change the result.

The Papal Revolution.

FLORENCE, October 18.— The reinforcement of volunteers recruited in France and Spain for the defence of the Pope, have arrived in the city of Rome.

When last heard from, Gen. Garibaldi, with a considerable force under his command, had succeeded in reaching the vicinity of Rome, and was still advancing.

PARIS, October 18.—It is reported that the fleet of transports and ironclads at Toulon has already received orders to sail for Rome, but the actual departure of the expedition has not been announced.

FLORENCE, October 18, P. M.—The troops of King Victor Emanuel are still guarding the frontier of States to the Church, prevent all persons who have the appearance of belonging to the Garibaldian organizations from crossing the boundary line. It is reported that the plan for an insurrection within the walls of Rome has been discovered and that the leaders have been discovered, arrested and thrown into prison.

LONDON, Midnight, October 18.—The following dispatch has just been received from Florence direct: "It is reported that Gen. Garibaldi has again escaped from Capera,, and that he left the Island on an American ship."

The Garibaldians have appeared in the Western district between Rome and the sea. They have taken possession of the Railway running between the city of Rome and the seaport of Osta, and torn up the rails, preventing all communication. It is still believed here in Florence that the Governments of Italy and France have a perfect understanding with each other and are really acting together in the treatment of the Roman question.

Election Outrages in Lancaster.

We see by a Lancaster city paper that the election did not pass off so quietly in that town as here with us. As soon as the news of victory reached the Democracy of that neighborhood they became greatly excited and concluded to let off their surplus enthusiasm by firing a salute. Instead of going outside of the city for that purpose they planted the cannon in one of the principal streets and rammed a gum blanket home on one of the cartridges. They then fired into some houses opposite, not only breaking the glass of the windows but also smashing in the sashes. The cannon was next brought up before a tavern, which the Copperhead gentlemen threatened to blow up unless the landlord was willing to stand treat for the whole party. He had no other course left than to agree to the proposition. After having imbibed feely they were, of course, in their right element. They next set a can containing two pounds of powder on the bar and then bantered one another to throw in a lighted cigar, which one of them did, but happily it failed to ignite, otherwise there must have been a fearful explosion. Worse still; on complaint being made next morning before the Mayor, who happens to be a rank Democrat, no satisfaction whatever was given to the parties whose property had been thus wantonly injured.

DEMOCRATIC ECONOMY.—The Jersey City *Even'g Journal*, in noticing the clamor against Republican extravagance, expresses the opinion that it would probably do these disloyal carpers some good to look into their own record—for example: In the nine years preceding 1866, the city of New York being all the while controled by the Democratic party, the sum paid into the sinking fund of the City of New York, nominally to pay off its debt, was $3,586,745, and the cost of *collecting this sum* by salaried officials whose duty it is as part of their business, amount to $3,140,185! Thus these Democratic officials used up almost the entire revenue in paying themselves for collecting it! There is Democratic economy for you.

AT Dayton, Ohio, seventy five invalid soldiers, inmates of a soldiers' Home, were taken to the polls and voted for Gen. Hayes to a man. They were crippled and helpless, but the Democratic crowd was cowardly enough to insult them with coarse epithets, while some yelled: "Pity you hadn't lost both your d—d arm"—"Sorry that other leg was left"—"Pity the rebels had'nt killed you." These are the men to whom Republicans have yielded the partial control at least of the great State of Ohio.

A PHILADELPHIA dispatch says Grant and Stanton seem to be the favorites of the Republicans here for the next campaign. Grant has been nominated for President by nearly all the ward associations of the city, the Union Club and the Union League.

AN exchange says, we have found by experience, that the light of coal oil lamps is greatly improved by adding to the oil one fourth its weight of common salt. It makes the light much more brilliant and clear, keeps the wick clean and prevents smoking.

BALTIMORE.

Riot Between Whites and Negro soldiers.

BALTIMORE, October 17.— A riot occurred about nine o'clock this evening, while a negro regiment was parading near the corner of Franklin and Howard streets. Twelve or fifteen shots were fired in the street, and Chas. A. Ellermeyer, white, aged eighteen, instantly killed. The cause of the riot is unknown. For a short time great excitement prevailed, but a large police force was soon on the ground and prevented further disturbance. The city is now quiet.

CARD FROM GEO. V. LAWRENCE.

To the Editor of the Pitts. Commercial:—While at the State Fair I attended a meeting at Lawrenceville, and on invitation spoke very briefly. Your reporter was present; but there was much "noise and confusion," the meeting being on the side of the street and the cars passing and repassing almost constantly,—so that it was natural he should misapprehend my remarks, and consequently I am made to say very harsh things of a portion of my constituents. I spoke of the fact, (which is well authenticated;) that where you find the most crime and gross ignorance you always find the largest majorities for the modern Democracy, and referred to the Five Points in New York. I do not know that I even mentioned Greene county. If I did it was merely in a comparison with Lawrence county, and I did not of course say the people of Greene were grossly ignorant or immoral, as would be inferred from the report.

I am much abused by the opposition paper of Greene for classing the people there in that category, and hence I desire to correct the report, and to say I have always recived the kindest treatment from all the people of Greene county, and would be very ungrateful to speak disrespectfully of them.

G. V. LAWRENCE.

WHAT A DIME CAN DO.—As a weary traveler was winding his way through the mud in a far west region of the country, he discovered a young maiden seated in front of a door of a small log house. He rode up in front of the cabin, and asked the girl for a drink of water. He drank it, and she being the first woman he had seen for several days, offered a dime for a kiss. The young maiden accepted the offer and received both the kiss and the dime. The traveler was about to resume his journey, but the girl, never having seen a dime, asked: What am I to do with the dime?" "You may use it any way you wish," he replied. "it is yours." "If that's the case," said she, "I'll give you back the dime and take another kiss."

To Promote Health.

Do not expect, sir, some wonderful anouncement, some fascinating mystery. No, it is simply the plain, little practice of leaving your bedroom window a little open at the top while sleeping, both winter and summer. I do not come before you as a theorist or an inexperienced teacher, in thus calling loudly upon every family to this healthful practice. I am the father of ten children, all in pure health, and have—thank God—never lost one, although their natural constitutions were not robust. But in addition to the salutary effect of the practice in my own family, wherever I have advised others to try its effect, it has invariably been found to be both pleasant and beneficial.

DOWN South the rebels call the flag under which they rally "the banner of the lost cause," Up North it is styled "the old Democratic standard." In both sections it represents opposition to liberty, progress, and every good and noble sentiment in politics.—*Albany Journal.*

GOV. GEARY and wife, were admitted last week to full membership in the First M. E. Church of Harrisburg.

New Advertisements.

WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,
GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,
GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,
499 Broadway, New York,
499 Broadway, New York,
499 Broadway New York,

Are unrivalled for DURABILITY, POWER and EVENNESS OF TONE. They are fast becoming the favorite over all others, with Musicians, Amateurs, and all lovers of GOOD MUSIC. They are warranted in every respect. Prices one-third lower than other first-class makers. Send for Circular. GROVESTEEN & CO.,
9-23-3mos. 499 Broadway, N. Y.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.
SALESROOM, 616 Broadway, N. Y.

NO. 1 FAMILY MACHINE. This machine has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the Lock or Shuttle stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, with cotton, linen or silk thread. It Hems, Fells, Binds, Braids, Tucks, Quilts, Plaits and Gathers. As a Family Machine, it has no superior. Price, with Hemmer and Braider, $60.

Particular attention is called to our New Improved Manufacturing Machines; They run light and are comparatively noiseless, simple, durable and efficient. For cloth or Leather work they have no competitors.

No. 2 Machine, with Hemmer and Braider, $75. No. 3 Machine, $85.

Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount [illegible]
[illegible] JAMES [illegible] & CO.

MARRIED LIFE.—[illegible] Information and advice of vital importance to the married [illegible] can be obtained free of charge by addressing [illegible]
Respectfully, [illegible] 616 Broadway, N. Y.

ASTRAYS.—ASTRAYED FROM THE [illegible] LEVI MURRAY.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED—
TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR A NEW ILLUSTRATED
BIBLE DICTIONARY.
(COMPLETE IN ONE VOLUME.)

This DICTIONARY embodies the result of the most recent study, research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this work, agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this.

But on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful, and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in Canvassing every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address,
PARMELEE BROTHERS,
722 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
10:9 '67-6t.

QUARTERLY REPORT

Of the First National Bank of Waynesburg, on Monday morning, October 7, 1867.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts	$171,589 90
Furniture and Fixtures	120 00
Current Expenses	605 79
Cash Items	1,814 [illegible]
Due from Banks	11,209 57
Due from Bankers	342 13
U. S. Bonds	83,150 00
Pacific and Atl'c Telegraph Stock	200 00
Specie	100 00
Cash on hand	12,705 00
Currency, &c	81 51
	$283,868 29

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock	$100,000 00
Deposited for Increase	41,700 00
Circulation	71,630 00
Individual Deposits	58,147 08
Profit and Loss	4,929 81
Dividends unpaid	519 28
Surplus fund	3,867 12
	$283,868 29

I certify that the above is correct,
JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
Cashier.
10;16-1t

GREENE COUNTY, S. S.

In the Orphans' Court of said county, of September Term, 1867, No. 22.

In the matter of the settlement of the account of David R. Jones, Administrator upon the estate of John Jones, dec'd.

Balance due accountant......$4,728 11.

And now, to wit: September 18, 1867, presented for confirmation and exceptions filed by Ellis Stephenson, in right of his wife; the same is referred to John C. Flenniken, Esq., Auditor, to hear the evidence on exceptions and make report. By the court.

Attest, J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk of Court.

I will attend to the above appointment at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Friday, November 15th, 1867, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

10;16-4w JNO. C. FLENNIKEN, Auditor.

Special Notices.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract
BUCHU
Is a certain cure for diseases of the
BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,
and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in
MALE OR FEMALE,
from whatever cause originating and no matter of
HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the
HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,
and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by
H. T. HELMBOLD,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
5;13eow-1y.

To Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 135 South Second St, Williamsburg New York.
6;5,'67-1yeh9-18

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract BUCHU, Is the Great Diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,
Is the Great Blood Purifier.
Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. 3;13eow-1y.

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST,
6;5,'67-1yeh9;18 823 Broadway, New York.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings.
USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
3;13,'67-eowly

Helmbold's Extract Buchu gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the palid cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue. 3;13,'67-eowly.

Take no more unpleasant and unuseful remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and improved Rose wash. 3;13,'67-eowly.

Colgate & Co's.
COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP
is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6;5-1y.

Manhood and Youthful Vigor are regained by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.
3;13eow-ly

The Glory of Man is Strength.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu.
3;13,'67-eowly

Enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable to you sleep well. 3;13eowly

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. [illegible]

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing [illegible]
6;5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 6, a. m.—(via Jolleytown.)

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12 m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m. (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6½ a. m. (except Sundays.)

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 6, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m., (except Sundays).

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 6, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Grovesteen's Pianos—Grovesteen & Co.
Bewing Machines—Empire Co.
Married Life—Jas. S. Butler.

FINGERS CRUSHED.—On Monday evening, the 15th inst., a son of Mr. Henry Sargent, aged ten or twelve years, inadvertently allowed his left hand to be caught in a cave crusher. It was mangled badly and the three first fingers were amputated by Drs. Ross and Throckmorton. Only the day before, the youngest child of the same family, was severely scalded.

Wilburs Pure Cod Liver Oil and Lime cure for Consumption for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

JAW FRACTURED.—On Tuesday morning of last week a small boy of Wm. Ingham's, of Franklin tp., whilst driving some horses from a field was kicked on the jaw, fracturing it in two places and dislodged several teething. Dr. T. W. Ross was called and dressed the wound. He reports him doing well.

Robertson's Liquid Dentifrice for cleansing and preserving the teeth for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

OF THE twenty-seven convicts that escaped from the Moundsville penitentiary on 22d of August, fourteen have been re-captured.

QUITE a number of business men in this town try to do business without advertising, but it's no go. Their stores are empty, and, as some of their clerks declare, not enough money in the drawer to "swib" them.

Paints and Oil of all kinds, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

THE copperheads of Reading had a heap of trouble to find one of their number on the night after the election that understood firing a cannon. A good natured veteran of the Union army came along and seeing the "straight" they were in, kindly volunteered to instruct them in the art.

A New assortment of Fancy Soaps, Hair Oil and Perfumeries at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

JEFFERSON FAIR.—Last Thursday and Friday witnessed the annual Fair given by the Jefferson Agricultural Society, at Jefferson. In company with many Republicans of our County, notwithstanding no invitation was extended by the Society, we made it convenient to be present on the last day. Both days were most beautiful, the fairest possible, and we noted the largest number of people in attendance that we ever recollect of seeing at a Jefferson Fair, strange to say, a great proportion were Republicans, come unbidden. More surprising still, when purchasing an entrance ticket, no objection was offered to taking our half dollar. Surmising something was wrong, we waited until we saw scores of Republican half-dollars go in the till and the former possessors pass the gate keeper without being interrogated as to their politics. This emboldened us and we entered unmolested. The display inside was not at variance with previous observation, with, perhaps, one exception. Much was exhibited on the Domestic table, of vegetables, grains, fruits, etc., that elicited the admiration of the spectators and spoke highly of the enterprise, taste and skill of the exhibitors—nothing however, was labelled as "Democratic bread," "Democratic butter," etc., which compels the thought that *some*, at least, was "Abolition." In the mechanical line—was there any thing?—our memory fails us if there was. The exercises in the ring, the pacing and trotting matches were exciting and created considerable interest. "Jim." Stephens' "bay" (a Republican horse, by the way) carried off the premiums successively, amid the plaudits of the crowd. Other fine pacing and trotting animals were contestant. The only thing we did see conducted on the Democratic principle, and the exception referred to above, was the side-shows the "Black Crook Minstrels." They seemed to be solely for the entertainment of the *special guests*, and the crowd constantly streaming in and out rivalled in description any that ever "hung entranced" o'er Nasby's Muse.

For a large assemblage there was very good order during the day. "Tangle-foot" was in good demand, but we noticed only one or two bloody noses. We think it was agreed to "save up" for the "big jollification" next Thursday night.

The "National Brass Band," of Waynesburg, deserves especial mention for the charming music discoursed on the grounds.

If our remarks create any *pecuniary uneasiness* in the bosoms of the Managers we beg to stay it by assuring them they are given *gratis*.

GUIHER has the largest stock of Goods in the County!

A GENTLEMAN of great medical knowledge says that a more genial, wholesome and effectual tonic and appetizer than Drake's Celebrated Plantation Bitters was never discovered. He recomends it for Dyspepsia, for Liver Complaint, for Exhaustion, Weakness, for a want of Appetite, and for Mental Depression. It is an agreeable stimulant, and is equally adapted to young and old. Persons of sedentary habits, clergyman, lawyers, merchants, and delicate females are particularly benefited by its use.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

A New supply of Alcohol, Turpentine and Varnish, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's.

FIRE.—The dwelling house of Mr. James Maxwell, of Hopewell township, Washington county, was totally destroyed by fire on Monday morning of last week. About eight o'clock flames were discovered issuing from the kitchen roof. Every effort was made by the family and neighbors, who quickly assembled, to extinguish them, but in vain. All the effects of the family were saved except some bedsteads, clock, &c., with a few other articles. The building was a frame, valued at about $1,500. No insurance.

THE best time to repair, dilapidated and leaky roofs, is the present time.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—The Washington *Reporter*, of last week, tells of a daring highway robbery perpetrated on Friday night, near Washington borough, the victim being Dr. McDonough, an old citizen of Washington. It appears that the Doctor, who has recently removed to a location some ten miles from the town, was in town during the day and drew from bank $300, which he had on his person when he started home. A short distance out of town he was assaulted by two or three ruffians, who dragged him from his horse, and rifled his pockets. The horse got away during the scuffle, so that the Doctor had to borrow a horse to ride home.

40 kegs new White Lead just received a G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

For the REPUBLICAN.

MT. MORRIS—DEMOCRATIC JUBILEE.—

"When out the hellish legion sallied."
—*Burns.*

MR. EDITOR:—It may be that you, and the readers of your excellent paper, will not object to hearing from Perry tp., occasionally, if so put me down on your list of "locals." There are a few good, honest, country loving men left in this part of the country yet, and they try to keep their eyes open, but, notwithstanding this, some of them were frightened considerably a few nights since, and to tell you of this is the object of my communication. For some time previous to the late election, there has been a nameless organization at work in the dark—what its object is we know not; but there are two facts connected with the thing which assure us that there is no good in it. They do all their work in the dark and they belong to the Democratic fraternity, and are akin to the Knights of the Golden Circle. Is not that enough to confirm any honest man in his opinion of them? But, to the great surprise. It was near that hour of the night "black arch the keystane," a time when all honest men should be abed, whilst the good people of Mount Morris and vicinity were sleeping soundly, guarded by Morpheus and his attendants, a noise was heard as of the march of some mighty army, (?) and by the time we were all awake, a procession of *twenty-five* men came marching down Mechanic street, wrapped in sheets and white blankets. The people were utterly confounded. Some said "the ghosts of Union soldiers starved at Andersonville and Salisbury, have come to haunt sympathizers;" others said, "'tis the resurrection." They did not parade long, however, until some one who had his eyes open discovered under the *sheet* that led the gang, the form of the "venerable correspondent of the *Messenger*,"—"Bill Bite," the man that lives on both sides of the line. Next, some person discovered under a blanket the man that takes pictures in our town, and so it continued until the whole procession of ghosts resolved itself into a Magi parade of our neighbors. I must say that there were some Democrats, who were men and did get into this affair. But is it reasonable to expect anything higher or more noble from men who sympathize with rebels? We live in hopes of a change in Perry. This election we reduced their majority twenty votes in the township—does not that look like changing things?

Very truly,
LACIDAR.

AN ESSAY ON MAN.—By Alexander Pope. With fifteen original illustrations, and notes by S. R. Wells. One vol., 12mo, fancy cloth, beveled boards, gilt, $1; paper, 50 cents.

Whatever may be said by theologians concerning the orthodoxy of this great poet's religious views, his Essay on Man will continue to be regarded one of the master-pieces of English verse, and will attract the attention of, and instruct the intelligent and thoughtful.

The views of Pope on the Great Creator and His wondrous works, as enunciated in this poem, are unsurpassed for grandeur and deep-toned thought; and no writer, either of ancient or modern times, has so infused his sentiments and spirit into the literature of his nation by a single production, as Alexander Pope. The publisher of this new edition, appreciating the lack of an illustrated Essay on Man, and willing to do the public a substantial favor, has caused the work to be carefully illustrated, annotated from the Phrenological point of view, and printed in an attractive style on superior paper. A succinct biography of the poet, and his highly esteemed "Universal Prayer," are published with the "Essay," making, together, a very desirable volume for the library or the centre-table.

$12,000 worth of Goods at Guiher's, cheap, for Cash!

Window Glass of every size, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's Drug Store.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.—One Dollar commission will be allowed to any person sending the names of two new subscribers with the money for one year.

A copy of the *Observer* for one year will be sent to any person sending us four new subscribers and fourteen dollars.

A $55 sewing Machine, either Wheeler & Wilson, or Grover & Baker, will be sent to any person sending us the names of eighteen new subscribers to the New York *Observer*, with the money ($63) for one year in advance.

We have sent away as premiums more than seven hundred of these machines, and they give universal satisfaction.

The new subscribers may be from one, or from various places.

Send by check, draft, or Post office order.

Sample copies and circulars sent free

Terms, $3 50 a year, in advance.

SIDNEY E. MORSE, JR., & CO.,
9:23-3t 37 Park Row, New York.

GUIHER can beat them all selling Goods!

He pleases all and allows none to leave without their wants supplied—Guiher does.

GAME.—A few of our exchanges are remarking the *scarcity* of game in their respective localities. We extend a broad invitation to their bereaved sportsmen to come *here*. Every species of feather and fur abound. Squirrels—the fact is, they are becoming aggressive, saucy—they can hardly be kept out of the houses and if you shoot and miss they pelt you with hickory nuts. Our hunters have tired of the sport.

ANYTHING you want you will find at Guiher's.

MUCH NEEDED.—A good room fitted up for bathing would be a source of comfort to our citizens and a good thing for the owner provided it was well kept. Here is another money-making scheme that it would require but little to test.

GUIHER has an immense stock of Dry Goods on hand.

THE Union School began on Monday last with the same teachers in the Departments.

DELIGHTFUL.—These bright October days.

GUIHER favors the abolition of high prices.

MONEY FOR WHOSOEVER WILL TAKE IT.—We have long thought of proposing to whoever has the nerve, the project of constructing a Skating Park for Waynesburg and vicinity. It only requires a suitable spot, (the meadow below the stone bridge, east of town, is the best, we know of at present,) a few days of labor and small outlay, to make what would prove a good investment. Season tickets to the number of two hundred could be sold now for four dollars each, which would be sufficient for present uses, and there can be no doubt but it would yield a good revenue during the skating season. Uniontown has tried it and succeeded, Washington has one and is delighted. What man, or men, will put forth the hand and take the "greenbacks." They are there.

THE "Eagle Foundery" was purchased on Saturday last, by Mr. Charles Bower, for the sum of $2,500. Mr. Bower is an energetic thorough-going man and will conduct the business in an exemplary manner.

HON. GEO. V. LAWRENCE was at the Jefferson Fair, and met with a hearty welcome from his many friends there.

THERE'S "no discount" on Guiher's Goods.

A GOOD HOTEL.—We have called the attention of our readers before to the merits of the "Sherman House" kept by Mr. Thomas Bradley in our town. With pleasure we revert to it again and speak "what we do know" when we say that it excels in everything pertaining to a first class house for the entertainment of the public. Everything is in order, it is quiet, neat and cleanly. The host is accommodating and the table—well, what is it that "Tom's" wife can't do in the culinary line? Meals are prepared at all hours and an excellent dish of oysters may be had at any time. Good stabling attached to the premises. When you come to town give him a call. House formerly occupied by the "Messenger Office," opposite Sayers' corner.

Go to Guihers and buy Cheap Goods.

WHO DID IT?—The Cleveland *Herald* accounts for the defeat of the suffrage amendment as follows.

"There was a very heavy vote polled against the amendment by young men—particularly such as were casting their first vote—out of sheer predjudice against the negro; an unreasoning impulse, that partook more of the element of mere pride of opinion and ambition to be thought independant in political sentiment than of any settled conviction of duty. Personally those voters cared but little about the matter, and did not care to use any arguments, save that they 'could not go the nigger.'"

THE next term of Waynesburg College will open on Monday, November 4th, 1867.

Now is the time to plant fruit trees, grapes, raspberries, and so forth.

Married.

NOTICES *of Marriages and Deaths inserted free but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion.*

HENDERSON—RICKEY—On Oct. 8, by Rev. Alexander M'Carrell, Capt. Thomas R. Henderson and Miss Martha J. Rickey, both of Richhill, Greene county, Pa.

GRIBBIN—MURRY—On 17th inst., at the residence of Simon Rinehart, Esq., Mr. Peter Fribbin and Miss Catharine Murry, all of Richhill township, Greene county, Pa.

HOGE—ADAMSON—Oct 1st, By Rev. C. Tilton Mr. J. F. Hoge and Miss E. A. Adamson both of Greene Co.

COWELL—WILDMAN—Oct. 20th, By the same, Mr Elias Cowell and Miss Mary L. Wildman both of Greene Co. Pa.

MORRIS—COWELL—The same date, By the same, Mr. Joseph M. Morris and Miss Sarah L. Cowell both of Greene Co. Pa.

Died.

MEIGHEN—Mr Peter Meighen, an aged and worthy citizen of Gilmore tp., this county, died recently.

THE magnitude of the conterfeit 7-30 bond fraud is steadily developing itself. From a special dispatch we learn that where these bonds have been traced to the original, responsible holder or banker, it is ascertained by detective that some unknown man, disguised, of course, and using an assumed character, sold the bonds to said responsible person, bank, banker or broker, whilst other parties made off with the proceeds of the sales. It is estimated that Baltimore capitalists lost about $25,000; Philadelphia, $230,000; New York, $400,000; Cincienati, $64,000; Boston, $150,000; Louisville, $130,000; St Louis, $200,000; and Chicago $150,000. This estimate reaches nearly $1,100,000. Other large cities in the North and South have yet to be estimated, but the figures from the Southern cities it is thought will be large.

PERSONAL.—William H. Gerbrick, late a soldier in the Fifteenth Iowa, desires information of his father and mother, Jacob and Mary Gerbrick, formerly of Somerset and York counties, Pa. When last heard from, in 1847, they were in Pittsburg, Pa. Any information will be gladly received by their son, William H. Gerbrick, Chicago, Ill. All papers in the United States are respectfully requested to copy.

Pennsylvania has elected Sharswood by barely *seven hundred* majority in a poll of over 500,000 votes. We defy any intelligent politican to say he beleives that this approaches the number of Republicans votes given him on personal grounds. Pennsylvania, on a full vote, is solidly Republican.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THE Democrats of Middlesex county, New Jersey, have nominated a rebel Colonel for the Legislature. These are the only kind of soldiers for whom the Democracy have any respect. He will, of course, get the full Democratic vote.

PEACHES are so cheap in some parts of Michigan that thousands of bushels will rot under the trees. They are to be had in endless quantities at from twenty-five to fifty cents a bushel.

A GENTLEMAN, of Liverpool, has invented a machine by which he can simultaneously take fifty photographs of a person or object.

YOU have great reason to rejoice at the result of the late Election in Pennsylvania—for "intelligent suffrage" has triumphed once more.—*Messenger.*

Yes, *'tell-lie-gent* suffrage.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Oct. 22, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.

Butter (fresh roll,) ℔ ℔	30
Eggs ℔ doz	15
Potatoes ℔ bush	75@1 00
Lard ℔ ℔	10
Tallow ℔ ℔	12
Country Soap ℔ ℔	08
Dried Peaches ℔ ℔	16

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Flour ℔ bbl	10 00
Wheat ℔ bush	1 80
Rye ℔ bush	[illegible]
Corn ℔ bush	[illegible]
Corn Meal ℔ bush	75

GROCERIES.

Coffee ℔ ℔	30@33
Tea ℔ ℔	1 85
Brown Sugar ℔ ℔	15
Refined Sugar ℔ ℔	20
Syrup ℔ gal	[illegible]
Molasses (N. Orleans)	1 20
Sorghum ℔ gal	1 00
Salt ℔ bbl	[illegible]
Rice ℔ ℔	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

MONDAY, Oct. 21, 1867.

During the past week there has been little change of importance to note in the general markets. In most departments of business trade is less active. Flour continues to maintain its high rates—though the demand evidences a slight falling off. The grain market is steady, and prices tending upward, owing to light receipts. In provisions there is a moderate trade doing.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Wheat, Penn'a, and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 50@2 60
Rye ℔ bush	$ @1 45
Oats ℔ bush	65@70
Corn ℔ bush	$1 20
Spring Wheat Flour	10 75@11 50
Winter Wheat	12 50@12 75

PROVISIONS.

Shoulders	16½@17
Sugar Cured Hams	21@25
Lard	14½@15
Potatoes, ℔ bush	1 00@1 15
Apples ℔ bbl	3 50@4 00
Cheese	16@18
Eggs ℔ doz	27@28
Butter	28@35

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21, 1867.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

WHEAT—Dull and 1½@2c lower, at $1 83½@1 84½ for No. 2.

CORN—Heavy and 1½@2c lower, at $1 41@1 05 for No. 1; $1 03@1 04 for No. 2, closing weak at $1 03 for No. 2 in store.

OATS—Declined 1½@2c, closing dull at 54½c in store.

RYE—More active and 5@3c higher, at $1 25@1 26 for No. 1; $1 23@1 23½ for No. 2.

BARLEY—Unsettled at $1 09@1 12 for No. 2.

MESS PORK—25c lower at $21. Lard quiet at 13@13½c.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at $6 50@7 00 for first class shipping.

HOGS—Firm and 10@15c higher, $5 75@6 25 for good to choice.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, October 21.—The dry goods market is generally quiet and somewhat depressed for cotton, if not for woolen fabrics, yet no important change except in Allen's prints, which are selling at 13½c. The general tendency of the print market, however, is downward, in sympathy with cloths and raw material.

THE WOOL MARKET.

The wool market remains quiet and depressed, only a moderate amount of wool being disposed of at continually receding rates. The relapse of the woolen goods market from the activity of a few months ago, has a depressing influence among manufacturers, as they find there is no reliance to be placed in the occasional activity of this trade.

Miscellaneous.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1866, to Wm. R. McCutcheon, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

in Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The simpleness of its construction, and its two-fold or reversed motion, that produces butter from three to six minutes must induce the community to examine its qualities. It saves time—it saves work—and produces as much butter as any churn in existence. Mr. Munnell has full power to sell rights for Pennsylvania or New York State as well as to furnish Churns to citizens of this county.

MORRIS, ULLOM & CO.,
3:27-tf. Agents.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machine. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest Improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a fell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

R. FURMAN, [illegible]
Agent for Greene County.
9:4-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy [illegible]. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

I. O. O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 112,

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Fridays of each month.

Miscellaneous.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory, and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one of those tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnosis. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific acquirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9:4-tf. F. WHITTLESY.

COLONEL FORNEY'S

LETTERS FROM EUROPE.

LETTERS FROM EUROPE,

BY JOHN W. FORNEY,

EDITOR OF THE "PHILADELPHIA PRESS" AND "WASHINGTON CHRONICLE," AND SECRETARY OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Since the commencement of the publication of Colonel Forney's letters from Europe in THE PHILADELPHIA DAILY and WEEKLY PRESS, the publisher of those papers has been in the receipt of innumerable inquiries from those who wished to know if the correspondence would not appear in book form. In accordance with their requests, we will now state that these letters, carefully revised, and re-written, with important additions, are now in press, and will shortly be given to the world, in a large duodecimo volume of 500 pages, by the publishing house of T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, who are sparing no expense to make of it a book which shall combine every feature of typographical excellence characteristic of the best publications of this firm. It will contain an excellent steel portrait of the author, engraved in the finest style of the art, by one of the best artists in the country, and it will be in every respect a work acceptable to the numerous friends of Colonel Forney. The correspondence gives the author's impressions of various countries which he visited during an European tour of several months, with observation upon society, politics, amusements, manufactures, educational and religious institutions, in England, France, Switzerland, Germany, Belgium, and Holland. The variety of these letters may be judged from the fact that they were written from London, Liverpool, Oxford, Windsor, Halifax, Stratford-upon-Avon, Chester, Paris, Berne, Lake Leman, Baden Baden, Heidelberg, Wiesbaden, On the Rhine, Coblentz, Brussels, Antwerp, the Hague, and various other places on the Continent of Europe.

The work will be published in one large duodecimo volume of over 500 pages, printed on the finest paper, and handsomely bound in cloth. Price, Two Dollars.

Booksellers, news agents, canvassers, and all others, are solicited to order at once what they may want of the above book, so that their orders can be filled out for the first edition. Address all orders, wholesale and retail, to the publishers,

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

And they will receive immediate attention.

Sample copies of "Colonel Forney's Letters from Europe" will be sent to any one; to any place, in advance of the day of publication, postage paid, on receipt of the retail price of the work.

WANTED—Agents and CANVASSERS are wanted in every county, town, and village in the United States and Canada, to engage in getting up a list of subscribers to the above work.

10-9-tf.

A NEW DISCOVERY—SOMETHING USEFUL FOR EVERY FAMILY!

Gehr's Excelsior Liquid Cement, will positively mend [illegible] making them strong as ever. It stands warm water and all ordinary use; and will break anywhere as easily as at the joint. I will send [illegible] for [illegible], or, a bottle for the same. Druggists keep the ingredients; only two articles mixed. Agents do well by making and selling it. Address,

L. B. GEHR,
Oct. 2-3t. Shiremantown, Penn'a.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The firm of S. A. FOUTZ & BRO., is this day dissolved [illegible] 1867, by mutual consent. S. A. Foutz retiring. D. E. FOUTZ, is hereby authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and will continue the business in his own name.

S. A. FOUTZ.
DAVID E. FOUTZ.

[illegible] will continue in the WHOLESALE DRUG AND [illegible] No. [illegible] street, [illegible]

I. O. O. F.

[illegible] LODGE, NO. [illegible]

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Thursday evening [illegible]

[illegible] LODGE [illegible]

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening [illegible]

Dry Goods.

FIRST ARRIVAL

OF A FULL STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!

AT

SHIRK & SUTTON'S.

We desire to inform our customers and all those who wish to buy

GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES

That we are receiving a complete stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which we are determined to sell, if you will come and see them. Our stock of

DRY GOODS,

embraces the best staples, extra heavy brown muslins, drilling, canton flannels, bleached muslin, gingham, a good assortment of

FINE DRESS GOODS!

also, general notions, hosiery, gloves, trimming, ribbons, buttons, &c., &c. Also, a lot of extra flannels, white, red, gray, figured and barred,

IN ABUNDANCE!

Boots and Shoes, extra, heavy, hand made boots, for men and boys, and an assortment of fine and heavy shoes for Women, Misses and Children. Come to us to buy your boots and shoes for the winter.

HATS AND CAPS

for men and boys, a great variety and at prices to suit all. Full style of ladies hats, wreaths, feathers, flowers, Dress trimmings, &c.

Some choice groceries, tea, coffee, sugar, rice, soda, pepper, spice, good indigo, &c. Come and see our stock.

DON'T MISS THE PLACE,

A. Wilson Jr.'s building.

SHIRK & SUTTON,
9;18,'67-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

Sales.

GUARDIAN'S SALE, ADJOURNED.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Greene county, I will sell at public outcry, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 19TH, 1867,

that valuable real estate in Waynesburg, at the corner of Greene and Morgan streets, known as the

"EAGLE FOUNDERY!"

late the property of DANIEL OWENS, dec'd., with the flasks, patterns and appurtenances. This foundery is now in operation and doing a successful and

PROFITABLE BUSINESS!

There is a FRAME HOUSE erected on the lot which will be sold with the foundery.

TERMS:

One-third of the purchase money in hand at confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest from confirmation. Possession given immediately. The purchaser to secure the payment of the first installment upon confirmation of sale.

JOHN MUNNEL,
9:25-ts Guardian.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

By virtue of an order issued of the Orphans' Court of the county of Greene, I will expose to Public sale, in front of the Court House, in Waynesburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, 2ND DAY OF NOVEMBER

next, the following described Real Estate, late the property of Susannah Beeler, dec'd., to wit: A certain messuage and half lot of ground situate in the borough of Waynesburg, on the south side of Greene street, adjoining lot No. 185 on the east, South street on the south, and the other half of the said lot on the west—it being the east half of the lot marked 184 in the original plan of the said town—on which there is erected a comfortable one story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE!

Coal House, and other out buildings. A well of good water, and some excellent fruit trees are also on the premises.

TERMS:

The above described property will be sold for CASH on confirmation.

P. A. KNOX,
9:25-6t Adm'r.

LAND SALE.

For sale, 1,500 acres of Timber Land, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Littleton Station, West Va., on which there is a Steam Saw Mill, Tannery and abundance of the best kind of Stave, Building and Stave Timber. Is rich and well adapted to grazing, and will be cut in parcels to suit purchasers. Apply to O. Marshall near the premises, or to Lawson Adams, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.

6;26-6m

THE LATEST SENSATION!

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President has not yet been Impeached, but

A. J. SOWERS

Has purchased an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

OVERCOATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
HATS,
CAPS,
ETC., ETC.,

of the latest style and best workmanship. A choice stock of

NOTIONS!

Hosiery,
Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Suspenders, etc.

also on hand, which will be sold at astonishingly

LOW PRICES!

Call and see him before you buy elsewhere. He invariably satisfies all

WHO WISH TO PURCHASE!

Room in Allison's building, Waynesburg, Pa.

A. J. SOWERS.
10:9-3m

NOTICE.

In consequence of the death of Mr. [illegible] of the firm of Haines & Estell, of Waynesburg, the book accounts and all business connected with the late firm will be settled up by the undersigned, the surviving partner. All persons having claims against the firm will present them properly authenticated for settlement, and persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm [illegible] make immediate payment [illegible] 1867, or the same will be collected according to law.

THE FURNITURE BUSINESS will be carried on at the old stand by the undersigned, as usual, [illegible]

UNDERTAKING earnestly solicited, and special attention will be given. A fine hearse [illegible] in constant readiness to attend funerals.

[illegible] GEORGE ESTELL.

Bounty Fund.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF MONONGAHELA TOWNSHIP, IN RELATION TO BOUNTY TAX.

James A. Black, Committee of Monongahela township, on draft of March, 1864.

DR.	
To borrowed money	$2000 00
To subscription money	3270 00
To recruiting fees	90 00
	$5360 00
CR.	
By amount paid out as per vouchers approved	5360 00

C. A. Mestrezat Committee of draft of Sept. 1864.

DR.	
To amount received from F. & D. Bank	4200 00
To amount of subscription money paid him	3197 00
*To order from School Directors—	
	$7397 00
CR.	
By amount paid out as per vouchers approved	7755 00

*Amount of above mentioned order from School Directors not entered in proper place on township book, but supposed to be enough to square the account.

James A. Black, Treasurer of Bounty Tax for 1864.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$7551 78
CR.	
By am't paid out as per vouchers approved	$7520 92
By am't. credited on his note against the township	30 86—$7551 78

Amount of subscription money received by Andrew Dunlap, Esq., on draft of March 1865.

DR.	
To amount of subscription	$3923 45
To subscription money received by him and not now subscription papers, as Esquire Dunlap admits	223 55
	$4147 00
CR.	
By am't paid C. A. Mestrezat	$3794 00
By am't paid W. H. McCoy	353 00—$4147 00

C. A. Mestrezat, Committee of draft of March 1865.

DR.	
To amount of money received	$10584 85
CR.	
By amount paid out	10584 35

Dr. George F. Birch, Treasurer of Bounty Tax for the year 1863.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate	$4270 22
To amount of subscription	53 33
Total	$4323 65
CR.	
By receipts from F. & D. Bank	$3700 00
By orders from I. R. Gray for substitute	300 00
By amount of Caleb Burwell, credited on his order for substitute	24 20
By amount of W. H. McCoy, credit on his order for substitute	31 18
By amount of I. T. Weitner, credit on his order for substitute	36 20
By Treasurer's per centage	21 61
By John Dunham, collector's per centage	89 65
	$4201 94
Ballance due Monongahela tp	121 71
	—$4323 65

In the matter of the settlement of the account of William Clevenger, collector of bounty tax for 1865.

DR.	
To amount of duplicate as specified in the bond of said collector dated May 14, '66	$8000 00
CR.	
By amount that Wm. Mestrezat, Treasurer of the bounty tax, admits that Clevenger paid to him as per vouchers (not produced), in Clevenger's hands	1250 00

The auditors have reason to believe that W. Clevenger also paid to the F. & D. Bank of Waynesburg, about eight hundred and fifty dollars, but have had no vouchers produced before them.

The undersigned, auditors of Monongahela tp., certify the above statements to be correct according to vouchers, &c., placed before them.

WILLIAM BOUGHNER,
JOSEPHUS HARTLEY,
9:18-3t Auditors.

Decedents' Estates.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Daniel Owens, late of Waynesburg, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
9;18-6t Administrator.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Elijah Church, late of Center township, dec'd., having been granted to the undersighed, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
9;18-6t Administrator.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that the Book accounts, &c., of Minor & Co. have been left with Simon Rinehart, Justice of the Peace, in Waynesburg, for IMMEDIATE collection. All claims not paid by the 1st of OCTOBER next, will be collected with cost.

H. CLAY MINOR,
9;18-4w Administrator of Philip Minor, dec'd.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of John Fisher, of Richhill township, Greene county Pa., having been granted to the undersigne notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSHUA ACKLEY, Executor.
9;1-6t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Susannah Beeler, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims upon said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

P. A. KNOX,
9;25-6w Waynesburg, Pa. Adm'r.

BUSINESS MAN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

NOS. 6 AND 8 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

This institution has been in operation for a number of years, and is conducted successfully by an able corps of teachers, whose object is to make each pupil understand thoroughly every branch of a

BUSINESS EDUCATION,

to prepare them for

BUSINESS MEN!

Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, (time unlimited,)	$40.00
Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic 3 months	30 00
Business and Ornamental Penmanship per month	10 00
Comon English Branches per month	10 00
Algebra, Phonography and Business Correspondence according to agreement.	

All our specimens are executed with a pen.

A full course can be completed in eight weeks.

For circular or specimens, address
N. SHAFFER.
8;7-3mos.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address

DANIEL BIDWELL,
[illegible] 254 Pearl Street, New York.

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4;1;'66-tf.

SLATER ODENBAUGH,

DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Liquors and everything pertaining to a first class Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded. "Creigh's Old Stand," Waynesburg Pa. 5;30;'66-1y.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. 4;1-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG.

DISCOUNT DAY.......................TUESDAYS.
D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
May 1, '66-1y.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

28;8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Rush's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4;1;'67-1y.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,

OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,

The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6;26-tf.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.
Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4;21-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FAIL ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6;12-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro, have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5;8-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.
Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.
Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office, 5;2;'66-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA,

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
3;28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.
All work warranted for one year.
2;21;'66-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.
This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a widespread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.
All orders promptly filled. 4;23;'66-tf.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs,)
8;21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

E. A. TINKER.....................H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All [illegible]

Groceries &c.

NEW EXCITEMENT!

THE PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT

—OF—

H. RINEHART!

FOR SELLING CHEAP GROCERIES!

Having just returned from the city, he has opened the largest

NEW GROCERY!

in town. He desires to inform the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity of the care he has taken in selecting his stock, having on hand a good supply of CONFECTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TAR, also, PROVISIONS, BACON DRIED BEEF, POTATOES, FISH, DRIED PEACHES, &c., &c., &c., &c.
Call and see him as he has been getting

A NEW SUPPLY!!

You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in

LEDWITH'S OLD BUILDING,

Opposite the Court House and formerly occupied by the Post Office. 4;18;'66-tf.

RECONSTRUCTION!

NOT OF THE UNION,

BUT OF

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

ICE CREAM, BERRIES,

And all the luxuries of the season can be obtained.
The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6;14;'65-1y.

WILLIAM WALLACE,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

ON DOOR WEST OF PETER BROW'S STORE.

We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for CASH and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.
COFFEES,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c., &c.
Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 5;8-tf '67

JOHN HUGHES.....................THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6;5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5;15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.
They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.
4;10-tf. L. HUGHES & CO., Rice's Landing, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store,)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Turtle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's, Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, [illegible]
All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

[illegible] T. BRADEN & CO.

Dry Goods.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 54 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Now offer to dealers their

FALL STOCK,

AT

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

9;11-3m.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. B. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR,

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.
Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4;1,'67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.
Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.
4;24-3m. L. K. EVANS.

NEW STORE!

FRANK. M'GURGAN,

Has just opened a first class

STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C, &C.

In the Store Room of George E. Minor, and nearly opposite the Farmers' & Drovers' National Bank,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

This stock is

ALL NEW AND FRESH!

He would respectfully invite the public to call and examine his large and fashionable stock. His taste and experience in selecting goods; his energy and determination to please the public has rendered his a

FIRST CLASS STORE!

His stock embraces a large assortment of

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING!

of the most fashionable and durable qualities. Also, the finest quality of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, HEAVY DRESS SILKS WITH WHITE EDGE,

and a full assortment of Fancy Figured Silks of all colors. Also, Empress Cloth, Poplins, Mozambiques, Wool Delaines double widths, Silk Shawls, Histori Shawls, Silk Sacques latest style, Parasols, Fancy Fans, English Ribbons and other ribbons of all colors and widths; Hats, wreaths and Flowers, Lace Handkerchiefs and Embroideries, and a full assortment of

TRIMMINGS IN GENERAL.

Also, Counter Panes, Lace Curtains, Piano Covers, Melodeon Covers, Side Table Covers, and in short a full stock of all goods usually kept in a first class Trimming Store.
Don't forget the place, in the NEW STORE ROOM of Geo. E. Minor.
8;7-tf FRANK. M'GURGAN,

U. S. INTERNAL REV. NOTICE.

All persons wanting Government Licenses or information as to the payment of other Government Taxes, residing in Division No. 3, consisting of Marion, Franklin, Wayne, [illegible] Gilmore, [illegible] will please call on me at my office in [illegible]
SIMON RINEHART,
[illegible]

Select Reading.

HORACE GREELEY'S EARLY LIFE.

His First Entrance into New York

In his last chapter Mr. Greeley describes his first entrance ino New York. This part of the chapter we quote:

"It was, if I recollect right, the 7th of August, 1831. I was 20 years old the preceding Febuary; tall, slender, pale and plain, with ten dollars in my pocket, summer clothing worth perhaps as much more, nearly all on my back, and a decent knowledge of so much of the Art of Printing as a boy will usually learn in the office of a country newspaper. But I knew no human being within two hundred miles, and my unmistakably rustic manner and address did not favor that immediate command of remunerating employment which was my most urgent need. However, the world was all before me; my personal estate, tied up in a pocket-handkerchief, did not at all encumber me; and I stepped lightly off the boat and away from the sound of the detested hiss of escaping steam, walking into and up Broad street in quest of a boarding-house. I found and entered one at or near the corner of Wall; but the price of board given me was $6 per week; so I did not need the giver's candidly kind suggestion that I would probably prefer one where the charge was more moderate. Wandering thence, I cannot say how, to the North River side, I halted next at 168 West street, where the sign of "Boarding" on an humbler edifice fixed my attention. I entered, and was offered shelter and subsistence at $2 50 per week, which seemed more rational, and I closed the bargan.

"My host was Mr. Edward McGolrick; his place quite as much grogshop as boarding house; but it was quietly, decently kept while I stayed in it, and he and his family were kind and friendly. I regret to add that liquor proved his ruin not many years afterward. My first day in New York was a Friday, and, the family being Roman Catholic, no meat was eaten or provided, which I understood; but when Sunday evening was celebrated by unlimited card playing in that same house, my traditions were decidedly jarred. I do not imply that my observances were better or worse than my host's, but that they were different.

"Having breakfasted, I began to ransack the city for work, in my total ignorance, traversed many streets where none could possibly be found. In the course of that day and the next, however, I must have visited fully two-thirds of the printing offices on Manhattan Island, without a gleam of success. It was midsummer, when business in New York is habitually dull; and my youth and unquestionable air of country greenness must have told against me. When I called at the *Journal of Commerce*, its editor, Mr. David Hale, bluntly told me I was a run-away apprentice from some country office, which was a very natural, though mistaken, presumption. I returned to my lodging on Saturday evening, thoroughly weary, disheartened and disgusted with New York, and resolved to shake its dust from my feet next morning, while I could still leave with the money in my pocket, and before its alms-house could foreclose upon me.

"But that was not to be. On Sunday afternoon and evening, several young Irishmen called at Mr. McGolrick's, in their holiday saunterings about town; and, being told that I was a young printer in quest of work, interested themselves in my effort, with the spontaneous kindness of their race. One among them happened to know a place where printers were wanted, and gave the requisite direction, so that, on visiting the designated spot next morning I readily found employment; and thus, when barely three days a resident, I had found anchorage in New York."

* * *

GEN. SICKLES AND MR. JOHNSON.—In April, 1866, Captain Bryant, of the Sixth Infantry, proposed the health of Jeff. Davis and President Johnson at a friendly meeting in Orangeburg, South Carolina. A brother officer named Britton, declared that such a toast should not be drank in his presence, and struck the glasses down. He was attacked and driven away, and the health of Davis, Johnson and other rebels was pledged by the party. For this offence Bryant was tried by court martial for conduct unbecoming an officer, and was sentenced to a public reprimand and to a deprivation of his sword for one month. Gen. Sickles reviewed the case, ordered him to be dismissed the service and sent his decision to Johnson for his action. He annulled Gen. Sickles' order, and Captain Bryant was not dismissed the service. On the contrary, he was soon after brevetted and General Sickles superseded.

Miscellaneous.

A MILLIONAIRE PRIVATE.

In a sketch of the life of the late Elias Howe, Jr., the inventor of the sewing machine, we find the following incident: "At the moment when Mr. Howe had avowed his determination to enlist, his coachman had entered the building to witness the proceedings. He was a warm-hearted Irishman named Michael Cahill, past the age of military service as defined by law. Upon hearing his employer's speech, he rush forward, and clambering upon the platform, he cried out: "Put down my name, too! I can't bear to have the old man go alone!" So down went the name of Michael Cahill, coachman, next to that of Elias Howe. Laughter and cheers mingled in about equal proportions.

For four months after the seventeenth Connecticut entered the field, the Government was so pressed for money that no payments to the troops could be made. One day a private soldier came quietly to the paymaster's office in Washington, and as there was several officers already there to be attended to, he took his seat in a corner to wait his turn. When the officers had been disposed of, Colonel Walker turned to him and said:

"Now, my man, what can I do for you?"

"I have called," said the soldier "to see about the payment of the Seventeenth Connecticut."

The paymaster, a little irritated, told him bluntly, "that a paymaster could do nothing without money, and that until the Government could furnish some, it was useless for soldiers to come bothering *him* about the pay of their regiments."

"I know," said the soldier, "the Government is in straits, and I have called to find out how much money it will take to give my regiment two months pay, and if you will tell me, I am ready to furnish the amount."

The officer stared with astonishment, and asked the name of the soldier, who was no other than Elias Howe. On referring to his books, Col. Walker found that the sum required was $31,000. Upon receiving the information, the private wrote a draft for the sum, and received in return a memorandum certifying the advance, and promising reimbursement when the Government could furnish the money.

Two or three days after, at Fairfax Court House, the regiment was paid. when Mr. Howe's name was called, he went up to the paymaster's desk, received $28 60 of his own money, and signed the receipt therefor, "Private Elias Howard, Jr." After rendering all the services a man in his physical condition could render, he reluctantly asked a discharge and returned home. He used to say to the soldiers:

"I have got to leave you, boys. I'm of no use here; but never mind; when your time is out, come to me at Bridgeport; I'm building a large sewing machine factory there, and I shall have plenty of work for those who want it."

Many of his comrades took him at his word, and until his death were at work under him in various capacities.

Reputation after Death.

It is very singular how the fact of a man's death often seems to give people a true idea of his character, whether for good or evil, than they have ever possessed while he was living and acting among them. Death is so genuine a fact that it excludes falsehoods, or betrays its emptiness; it is a touchstone that proves the gold and dishonors the baser metal. Could the departed, whoever he may be, return in a week after his decease, he would almost invariably find himself at a higher or a lower point than he had formerly occupied in the scale of public appreciation.

* * *

IF you happen to fall into company and the talk runs into party, obscenity, scandel, folly, or vice of any kind, you had better pass for morose or unsocial among people whose good opinions is not worth having, than shock your own conscience by joining in conversation which you must disaprove of.

* * *

A DEMOCRATIC journal remarks "that the Republicans attribute the losses of their party in Maine to increased love of whisky; we rather deem it an increased love of Democratic principles." Here is a distinction without a difference; for we all know that—as the market reporters say—when whisky is easy—Democracy is firm, and when ever rum is quoted free the voters for that faith are tight and in good demand.

ABOLITIONISM has been killed so often that killing appears to agree with it. It was twice killed at Bull Run; once in the seven days battles; at the polls in '63, and it is highly probable it will be all the healthier in '68 for its recent killing in '67.

AN usher in an English school, seeing one of the boys with a thick lump in one of his cheeks, asked, *Quid est hoc?* To which the lad sputtering out a large piece of chewing tobacco, replied, *"Hoc est quid!"* for which repartee the master forgave him.

IN New York both parties are preparing for a vigorous campaign. This week the mass meetings are to begin, and the best speakers will be employed on both sides. The Republicans have no idea of surrendering the State.

Clothing.

WONDERS NEVERCEASE!

AT THE

CLOTHING STORE

OF

N. CLARK & SON.

It is no longer impossible to get a full suit for $7 50, of good material, that we will warrant to give entire satisfaction. Light Cassimere Pants and Vest, for $4 50, fine and nice style; Summer Pants and Vest for $3 50, the very best all wool

CASSIMERE SUITS!

from 20 to 25 dollars; the same that has cost you 45 dollars. A large and beautiful stock of

HATS AND CAPS!

The newest and best styles, the more elegant are the Henrietta, St. Cloud, Yacht, Broadway and

PEABODY CAP!

The cap deriving its name from

ENGLAND AND AMERICA'S

Munificent benefactor—MR. GEO. PEABODY. Every American youth who loves her greatest Benefactor should not fail to have one of those CAPS. A full and complete assortment of Gentlemen's furnishing goods. We have the New York Mill and Wamsutta Muslin Shirts; two of the best brands of muslin manufactured.

THE CELEBRATED ENGLISH RUFFLE SHIRT.

Wool and Cassimere Shirts, Fine Corset Jean Drawers and Summer Undershirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Hosiery, with ties, bows and scarfs, in endless variety. The Eugene, Victoria, and Isabella Bow, the very newest, the Zephyr Scarf, 7000 Paper Collars, of all styles, Ward's Shakespeare, Linen Imitation, Water Proof, Embroidered, Keystone, Goldsmith's Phoenix, Grays, &c., &c.
A few late styles cassimeres that will be sold by the yard. We kindly ask you to compare prices before buying. 5;22-'67-1y

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Pannelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.
They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

8;14-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

$3,00 TO $5,00 PER DAY.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE

GOLDEN PEN.

A BETTER PEN THAN GILLOT'S PEN.

These pens sell rapidly wherever introduced, to all classes of people. Are fully equal to the gold pen for ease and beauty of writing. More flexible and durable than any steel pen ever manufactured, Will not corrode. Send for sample box. Only 25 cents, or two boxes for 50 cents, No. 1 for general use, No. 2 for Ladies, Schools and choice Penmanship. Sent free of postage. Money refunded if they do not give satisfaction.
Address M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

The following is a sample of hundreds of letters from parties who have ordered these pens.
POTTSTOWN, PA., July 15th, 1867.
M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.
DEAR SIR:—The box of No. 1 pens ordered by me some ten days since has arrived, and I am so much pleased with them that I have concluded to take an Agency for their sale, so far, at least, as to order three gross No. 1 and one gross No. 2, for which I enclose your price to Agents. Address REV. S. SIEGFRIED, Of REPUBLICAN.

Warranted to last five times as long, and give better satisfaction than any steel pen manufactured. Send for circular of testimonials from Professors of Schools and Colleges, and from prominent business men. M. V. B. COWEN.

Drugs, &c.

THE RUSH IS NOW AT

SLATER ODENBAUGH'S

DRUG STORE!

He respectfully informs the citizens and physicians generally, that he has received the largest and finest stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

ever offered in this market, which he will

SELL CHEAPER

than can be purchased anywhere else in the county.

PAINTS OF ALL KINDS!

Dry and in oil, of the very best quality, cheaper than the cheapest.

DYE STUFFS,

of the very finest selection.

OLD LIQUORS!

of all kinds, the finest that can be procured in the State. The

UNYIELDING LUNG SYRUP!

A remedy unsurpassed for the cure of bleeding of the lungs, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and chest. Will change the frail yellow complexion to one of health, and will cure dyspepsia. This syrup is one of the most useful medicines of the day. This is a late medicine and we do not know of it failing in a single case—try it.

Also, all other prominent patent medicines always on hand, Together with the Cough Exterminator, the best in use for diseases of the throat, coughs, &c.
Also, a syrup the only remedy for hooping cough, all for sale at S. Odenbaugh's Drug Store.
6;19-6m.

DAVID E. FOUTZ,

SUCCESSOR TO FOUTZ & BRO.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.
It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER, LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite—gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.
Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

AT THEIR
WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,
No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.
For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.
G. W. Roberts & Co., Agents, Waynesburg, Pa.
11;21,'66-1y

Special Notices.

CLIMAX! CLIMAX!!

Page's Climax Salve, a Family blessing for 25 cents.

It heals without a scar. No family should be without it.

We warrant it to cure Scrofula Sores, Salt Rheum, Chilblains, Tetter, Pimples, and all Eruptions of the Skin. For Sore Breast or Nipples, Cuts, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Chapped Hands, &c., it makes a perfect cure.

It has been used over fifteen years, without one failure.

It has no parallel—having perfectly eradicated disease and healed after all other remedies had failed. It is a compound of Arnica with many other Extracts and Balsams, and put up in larger boxes for the same price than any other Ointment.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. White & Howland, Proprietors, 121 Liberty Street, New York.

DR. SCHENCK'S

MANDRAKE PILLS.

A Substitute for Calomel.

These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; S. S. Hance, 108 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, N. E. cor. of Fourth and Walnut St., Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, 134 and 136 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Brothers, southwest corner Second and Vine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.
[4th & 3th w. ea. mo. 1 yr.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. 2;13eow-1y.

Shattered Constitutions Restored by Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 2;13,'67-eowly.